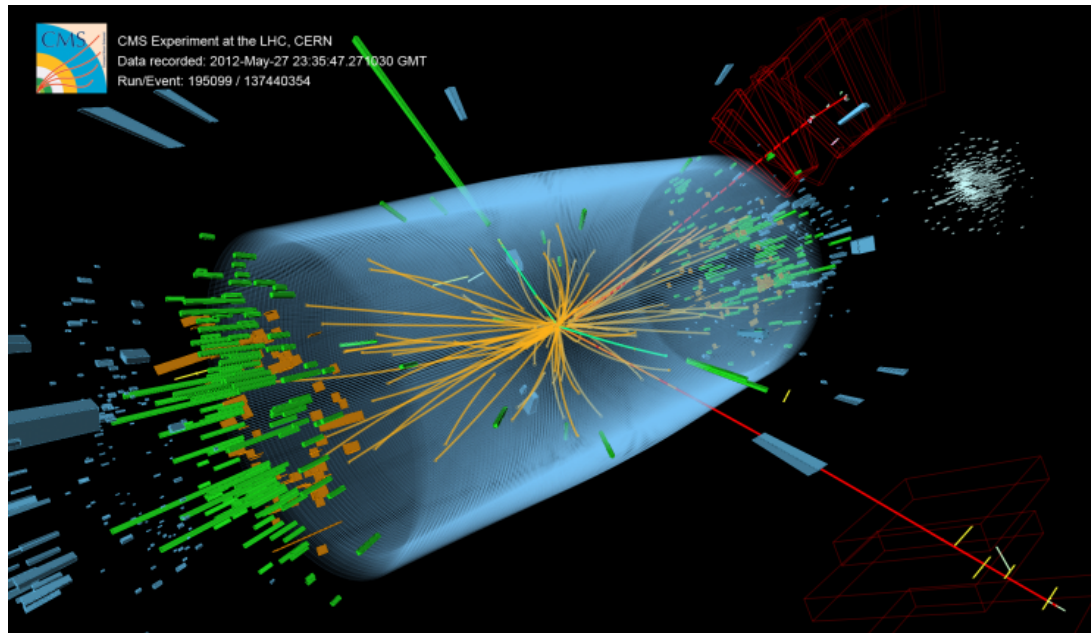


DENTRO IL PROTONE CON L'INTELLIGENZA ARTIFICIALE



Stefano Forte

Dipartimento di Fisica dell'Università e INFN, Milano



Raoul Gatto (1930-2017)

una bella scoperta!

[Information](#)
[References \(26\)](#)
[Citations \(190\)](#)
[Files](#)
[Plots](#)

Double asymptotic scaling at HERA

Richard D. Ball, Stefano Forte (CERN)

May 1994 - 22 pages

Phys.Lett. B335 (1994) 77-86

DOI: [10.1016/0370-2693\(94\)91561-X](https://doi.org/10.1016/0370-2693(94)91561-X)

CERN-TH.7265-94

e-Print: [hep-ph/9405320](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/9405320) | [PDF](#)

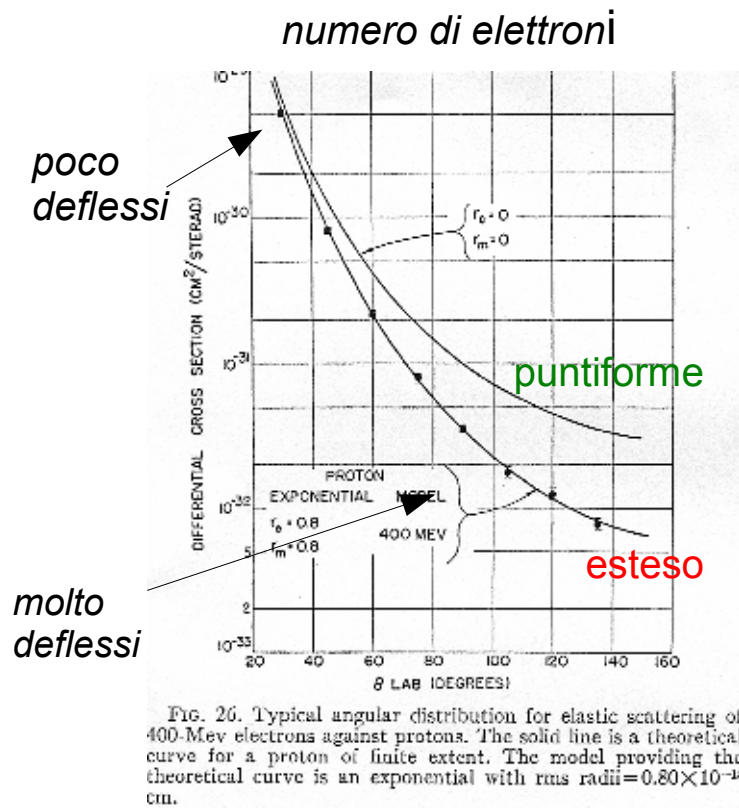
Abstract (Elsevier)

Perturbative QCD predicts that at sufficiently large Q^2 and small x nucleon structure functions should exhibit scaling in the two variables $1/n \cdot 1/n$ Q^2 and $1/n \cdot 1/n$ Q^2 provided only that the small- x behaviour of the input to the perturbative QCD evolution is sufficiently soft. We derive these

MA IL PROTONE NON È UNA PARTICELLA ELEMENTARE?

The history of physics shows that whenever experimental techniques advance to an extent that matter, as then known, can be analyzed into “elemental” parts, newer and more powerful studies show that the “elementary particles” have a structure themselves

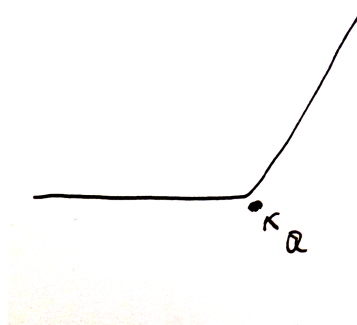
(R. Hofstadter, 1961 Nobel lecture)



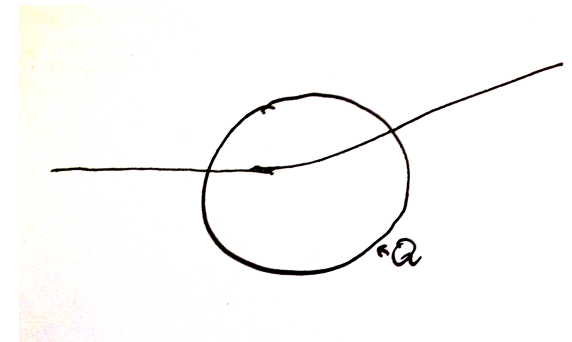
URTO DI ELETTRONI SU PROTONE PUNTIFORME VS ESTESO

puntiforme

esteso



più deflessione



meno deflessione

DEFLESSIONE ➡ **RAGGIO**

SEMPRE PIÙ IN PROFONDITÀ

ELASTICO



INELASTICO



URTO INELASTICO

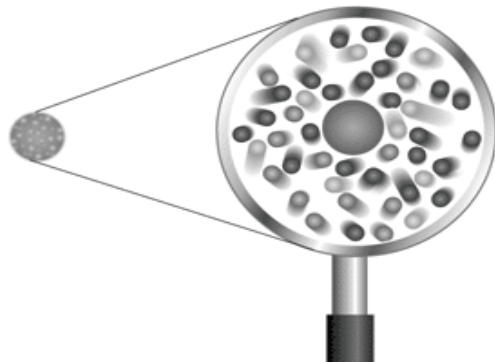


IL PROTONE VA IN MILLE PEZZI

URTO SUI COSTITUENTI



RAGGIO DEI COSTITUENTI



...E SE SONO ELEMENTARI?

**SONO "VESTITI" DA UNA NUBE
DI PARTICELLE "VIRTUALI"**

Raggio



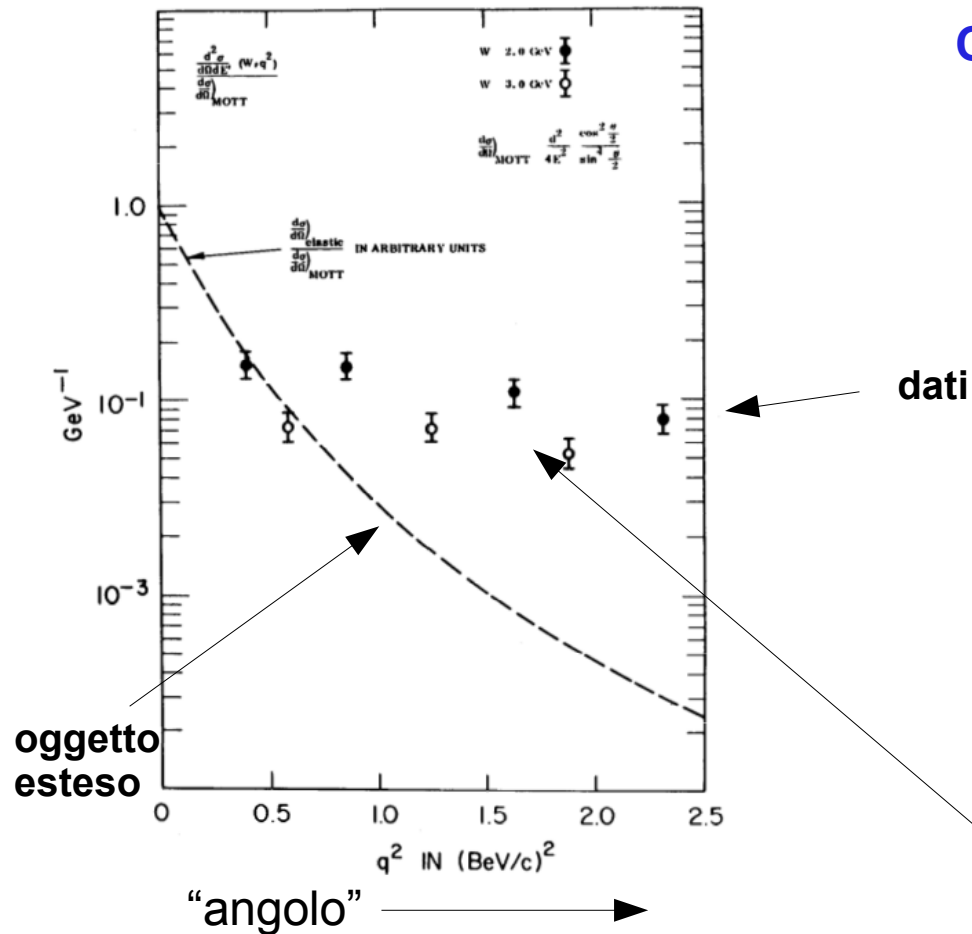
Interazioni
(forze)

URTO PROFONDAMENTE INELASTICO: LO “SCALING”

numero di elettroni
indipendente dall'angolo!

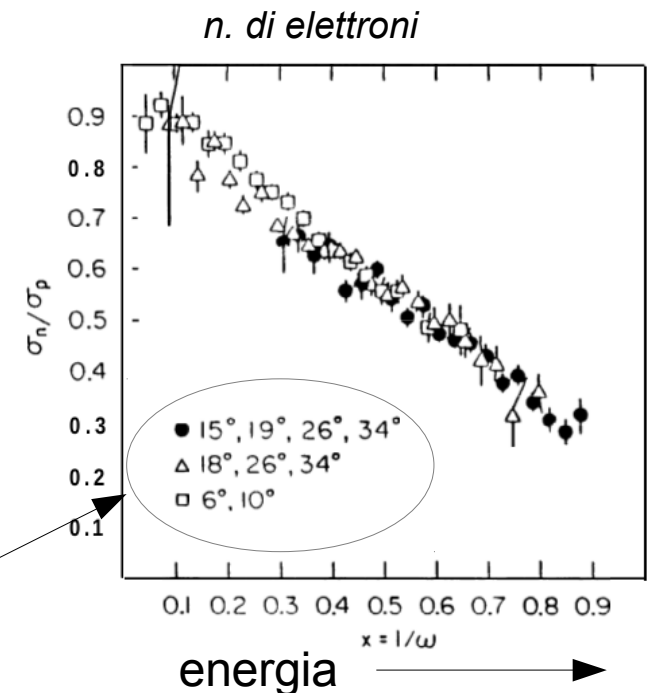
SCALING

n. di elettroni



**COSTITUENTI PUNTIFORMI E LIBERI
NEL PROTONE!**

sono i quark? Carica elettrica 1/3, 2/3...



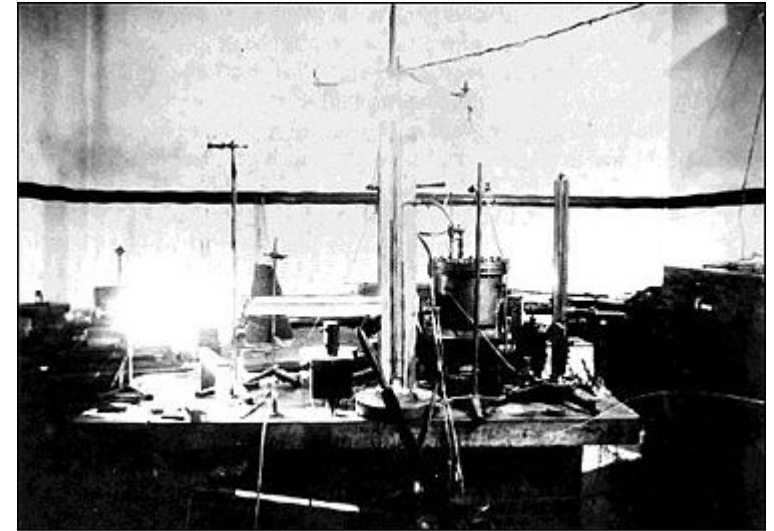
non dipende
dall'angolo
SCALING

H.W.Kendall, 1990 Nobel Lecture

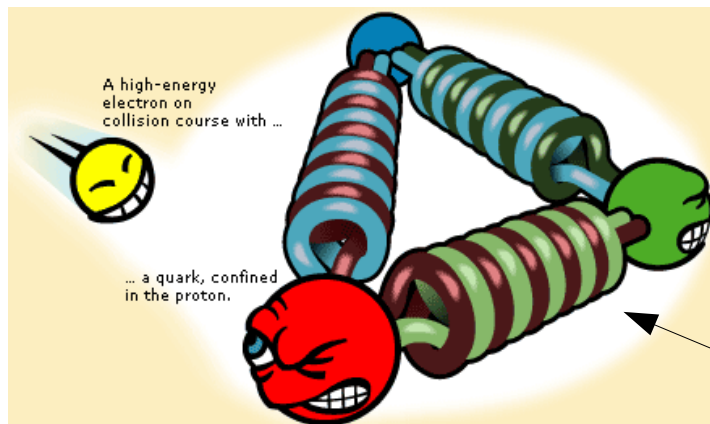
J.I.Friedman, 1990 Nobel Lecture

IL CONFINAMENTO DEI QUARK

Se dentro al protone ci sono quark,
perché nessuno ha mai visto un quark?



I QUARK DENTRO AL PROTONE SONO LIBERI???

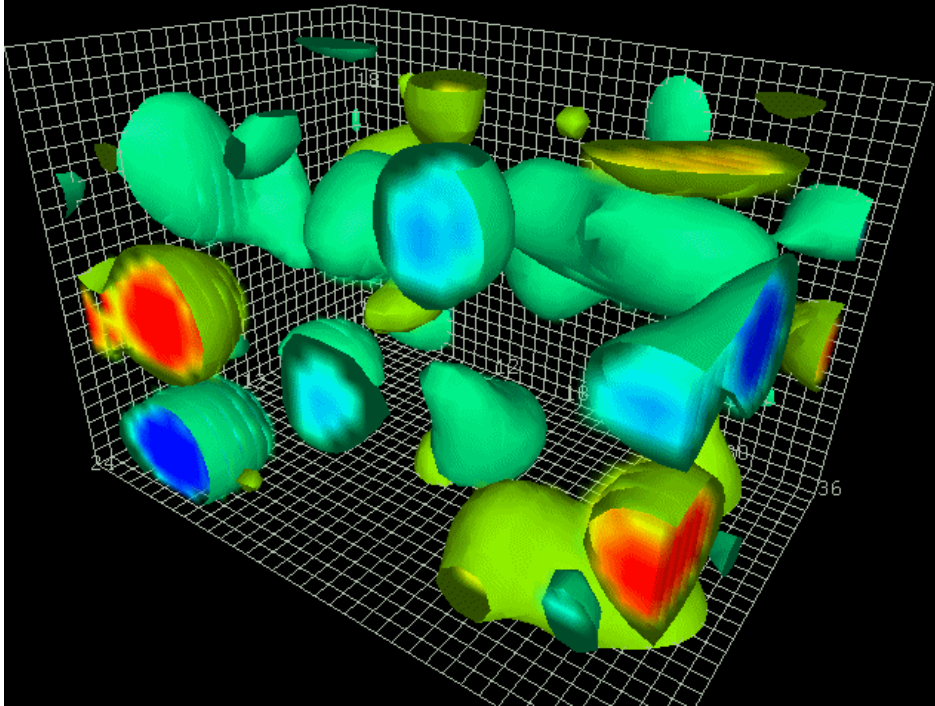


esperimento di Millikan (1909)
ripetuto l'ultima volta nel 2002

carica elettrica $\Leftrightarrow$ carica dell'elettrone

non esistono in natura cariche frazionarie

IL VUOTO QUANTISTICO

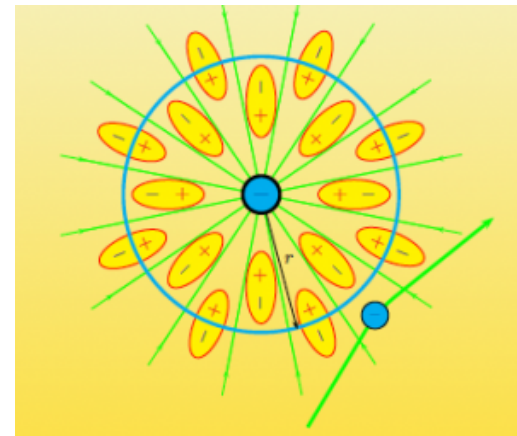


brulica di particelle
(campi) che compaiono
e scompaiono

Simulazione numerica su reticolo (D.B.Leinweber)
F. Wilczek, 2004 Nobel lecture

**La carica dell'elettrone
a corta distanza diventa più grande!**

LA CARICA ELETTRICA SCHERMATA DAL VUOTO

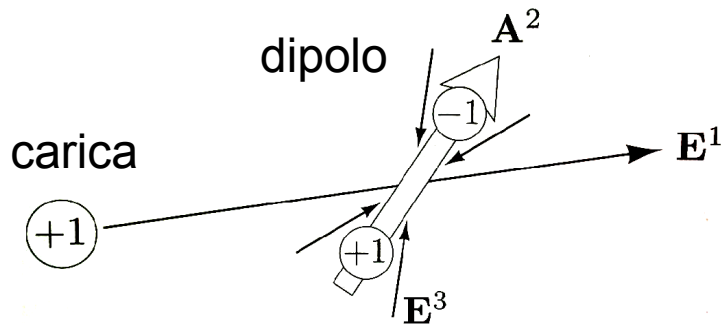


CROMODINAMICA QUANTISTICA

LIBERTÀ ASINTOTICA

i quark hanno una **carica “colorata”** (diversi tipi)

Il vuoto la rafforza!



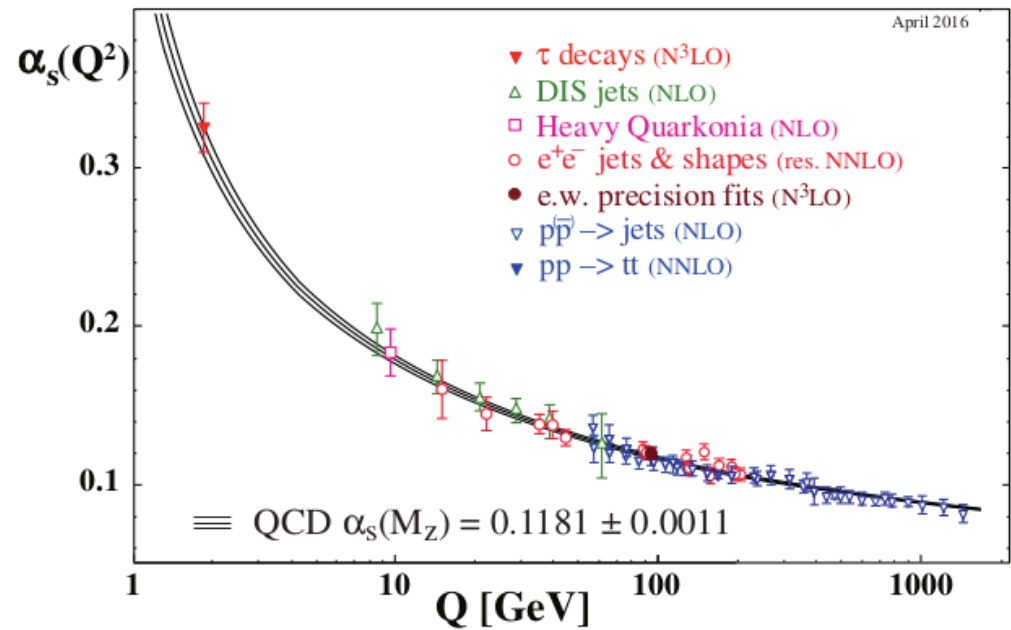
LA “CARICA COLORATA” A CORTA DISTANZA DIVENTA PIÙ PICCOLA

A DISTANZA INFINITESIMA

LA TEORIA È LIBERA

(NESSUNA FORZA)

“carica colorata” dei quark



corta distanza $\longrightarrow$

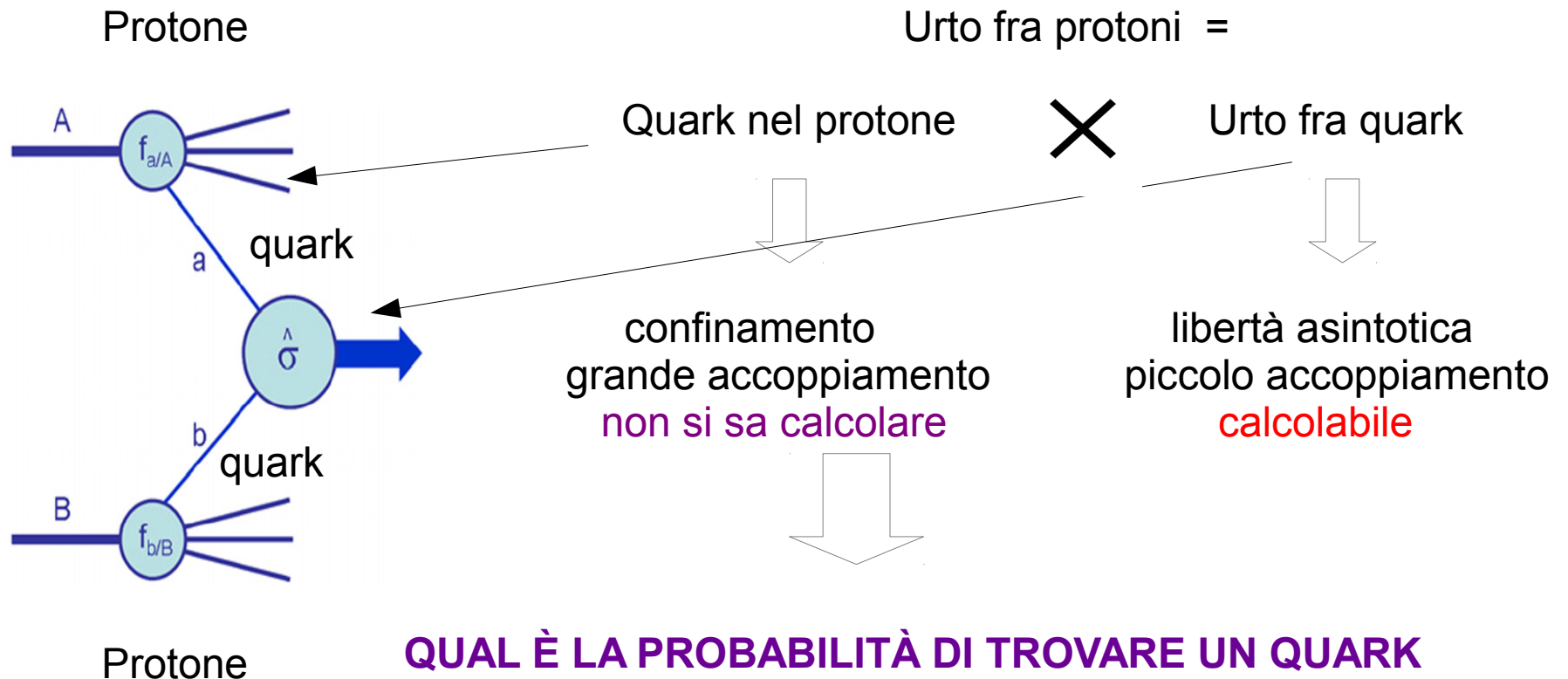
LA “FATTORIZZAZIONE”

A piccole distanze le forze tra quark scompaiono

⇒ “perturbativo”, calcolabile

A grandi distanze sono così intense da confinare

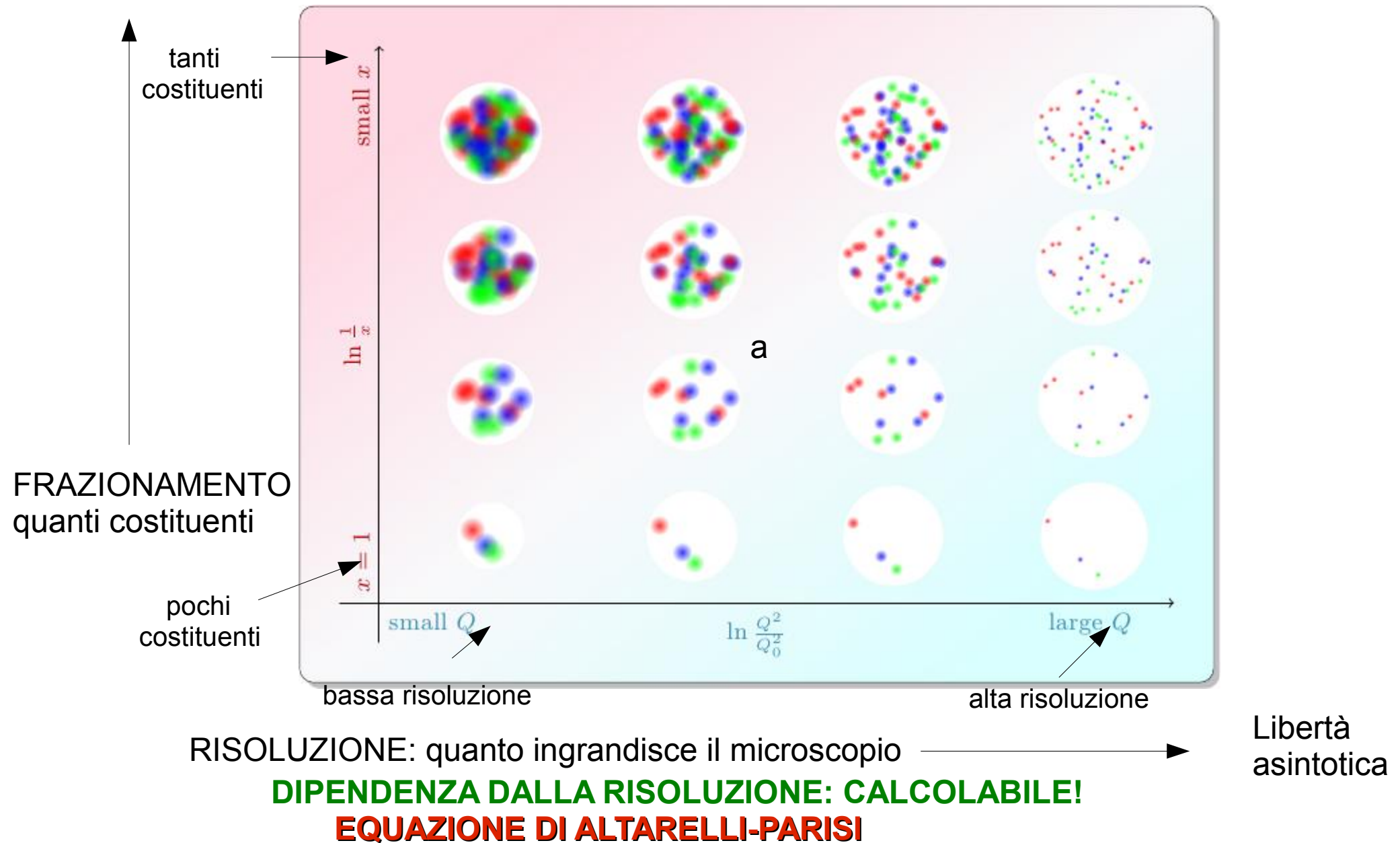
⇒ “nonperturbativo”, ignoto



QUAL È LA PROBABILITÀ DI TROVARE UN QUARK (O GLUONE!) DI UN CERTO TIPO ?

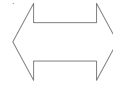
LA STRUTTURA DEL PROTONE

Distribuzioni di probabilità!



LA STRUTTURA DEL PROTONE AD ALTA ENERGIA

PIÙ FRAZIONAMENTO



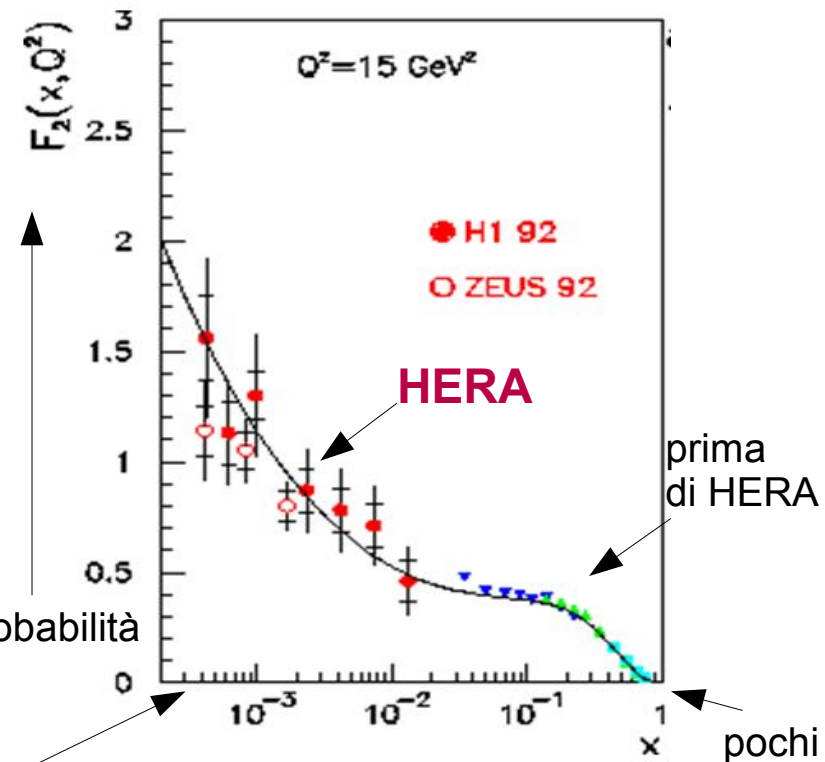
PIÙ ENERGIA NELL'URTO

HERA: 1992-2005: primo collider e-p



VERSO LA FRONTIERA
“NONPERTURBATIVA”

la “funzione di struttura” del protone



CRESCITA IMPROVVISA AD ALTA ENERGIA!

CHE SUCCEDDE?
LA FATTORIZZAZIONE FALLISCE?

tanti
quark, gluoni

energia,
numero di costituenti

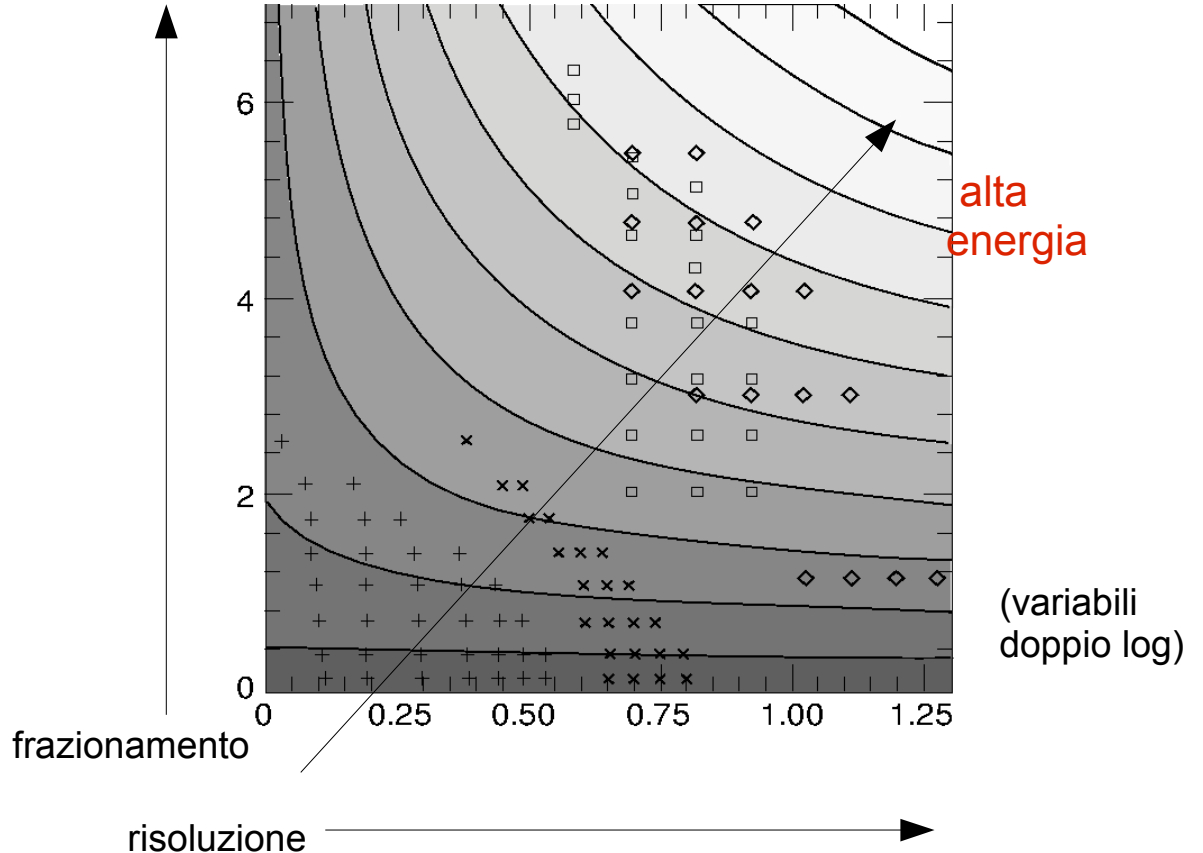
I DATI DI HERA E L'EQUAZIONE D'ONDA



S.F. e Richard Ball, 1997

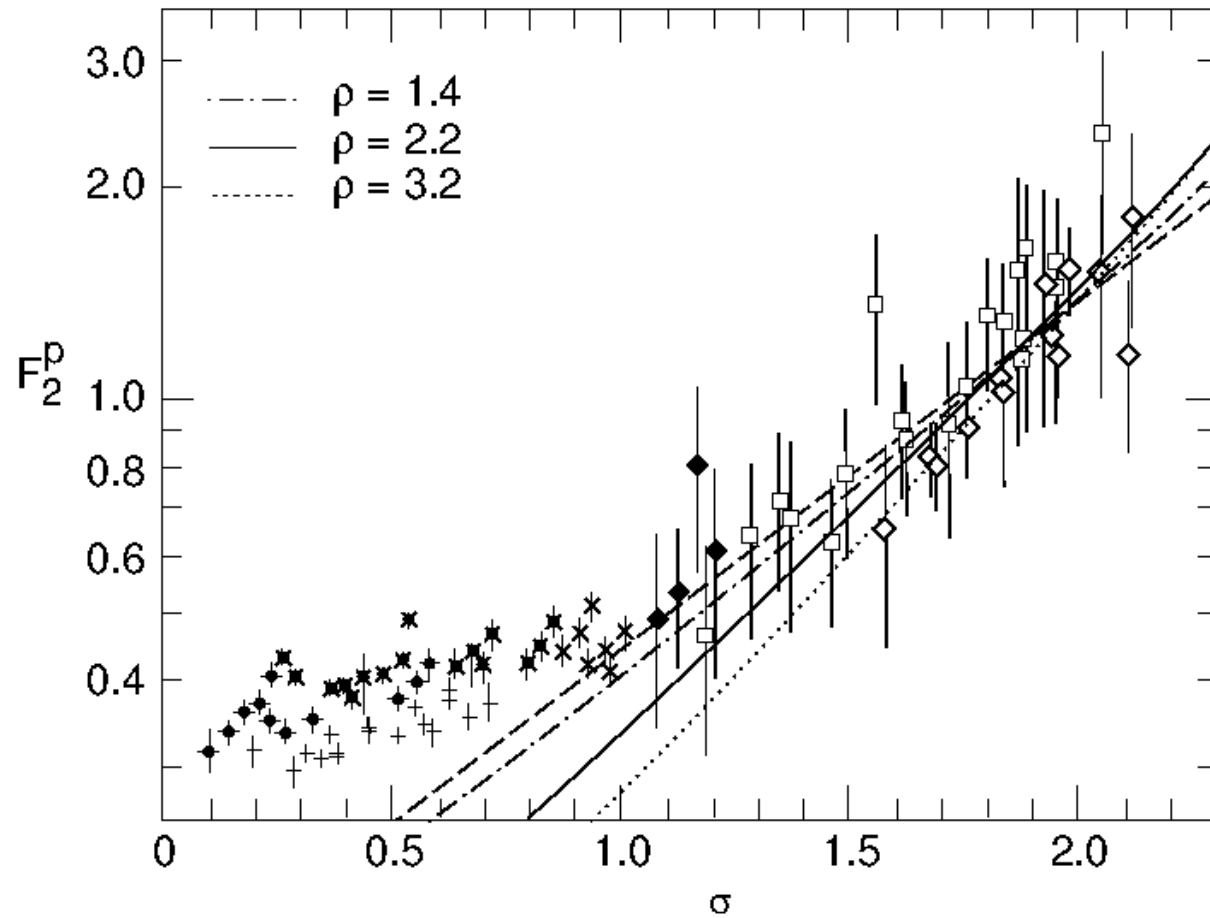
ALTA ENERGIA:

ALTARELLI-PARISI $\Leftrightarrow$ **EQUAZIONE D'ONDA**



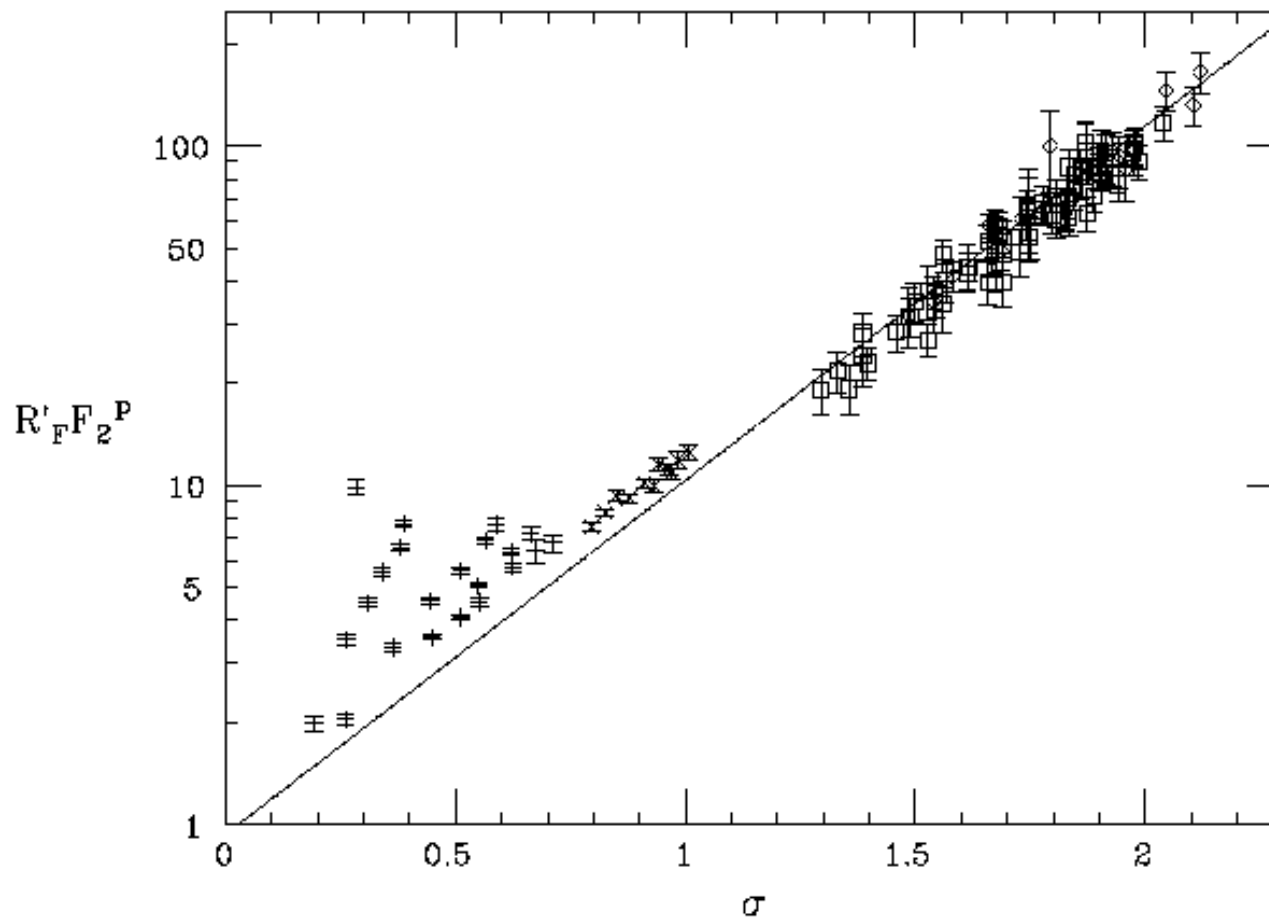
ASINTOTICAMENTE, ANDAMENTO UNIVERSALE! (non dipende dalle condizioni al contorno)

DOUBLE ASYMPTOTIC SCALING



S.F. e R. Ball, 1994

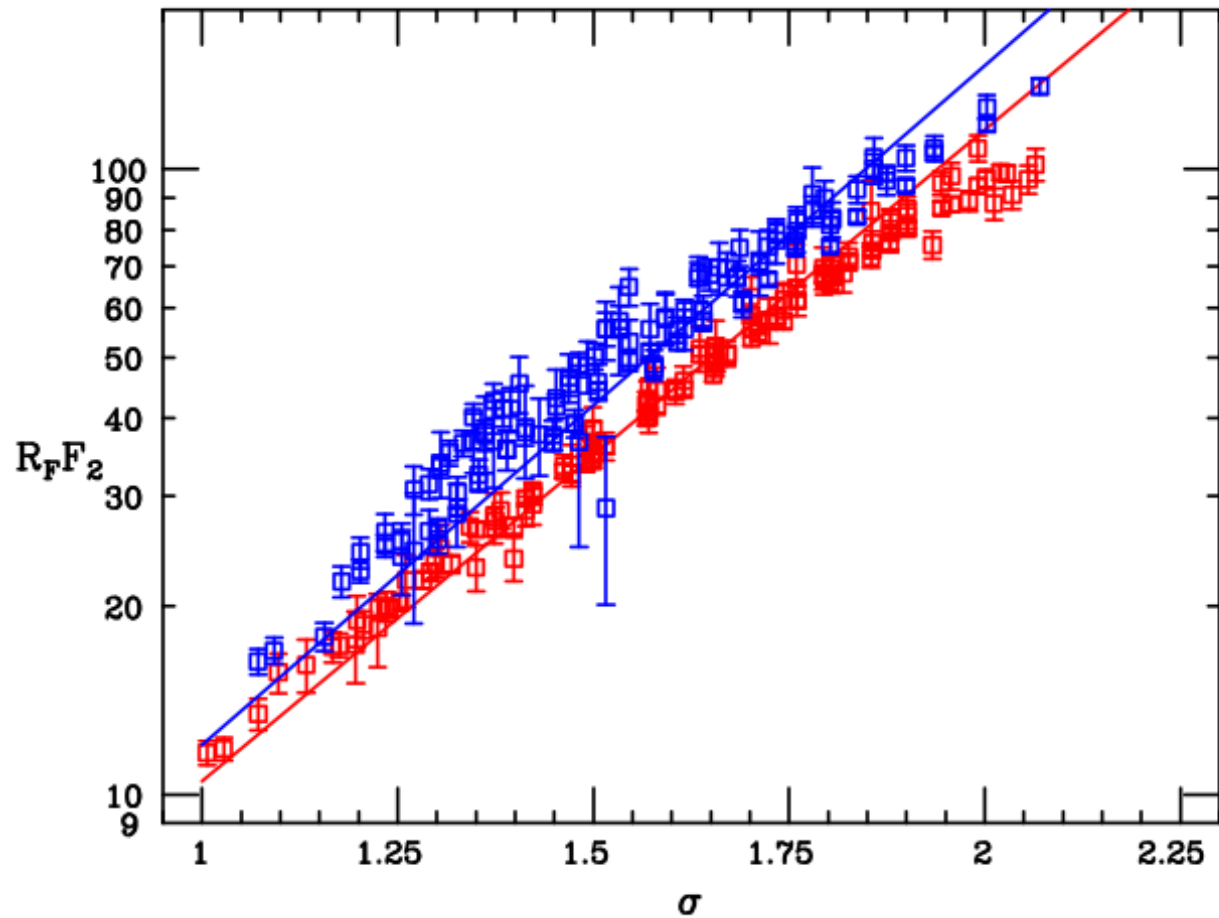
DOUBLE ASYMPTOTIC SCALING



S.F. e R. Ball, 1995

(inclusa la prima correzione)

DOUBLE ASYMPTOTIC SCALING



S.F. e R. Ball, 1997

(con e senza il quark pesante bottom)



Evgenii Levin

COME CI PUOI CREDERE?! (E. Levin)

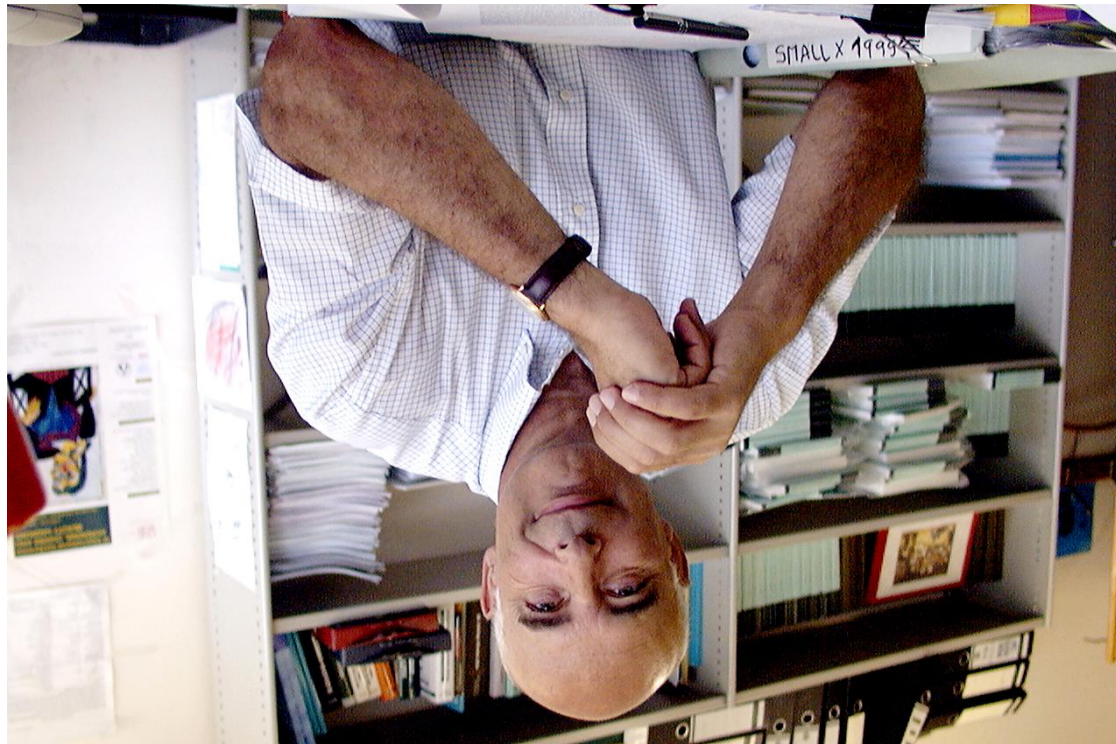
IO CREDO IN QUEL CHE VEDO! (G. Altarelli)



Guido Altarelli, 2001

COME CI PUOI CREDERE?! (E. Levin)

IO CREDO IN QUEL CHE VEDO (G. Altarelli)



Guido Altarelli 2001

COME CI PUOI CREDERE?! (E. Levin)

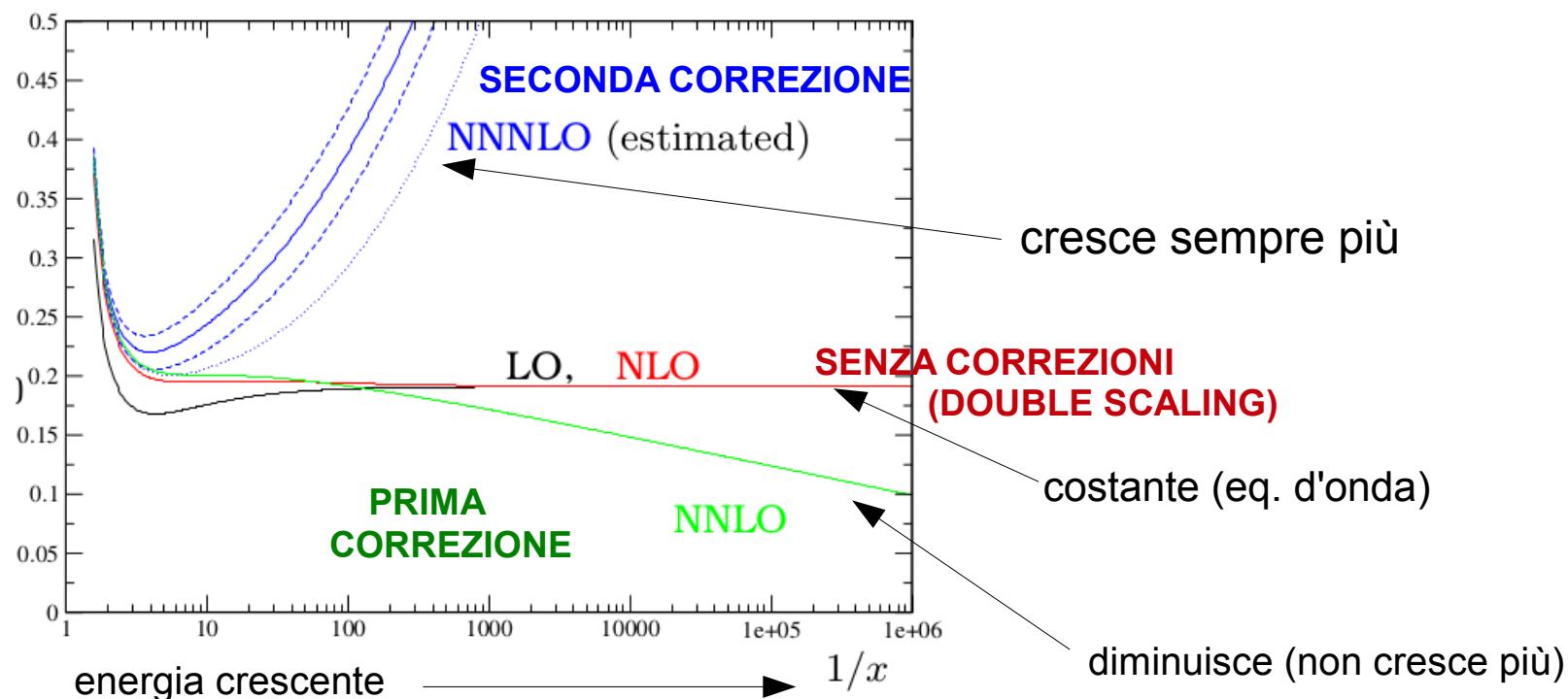
IO CREDO IN QUEL CHE VEDO (G. Altarelli)



Guido Altarelli 2001

PERCHÈ NON CREDERE AL “DOUBLE SCALING”?

DISTANZA TRA LE CURVE DI LIVELLO



(prima correzione: Fadin, Lipatov 1998)

PERCHÈ È “TEORICAMENTE INSTABILE”

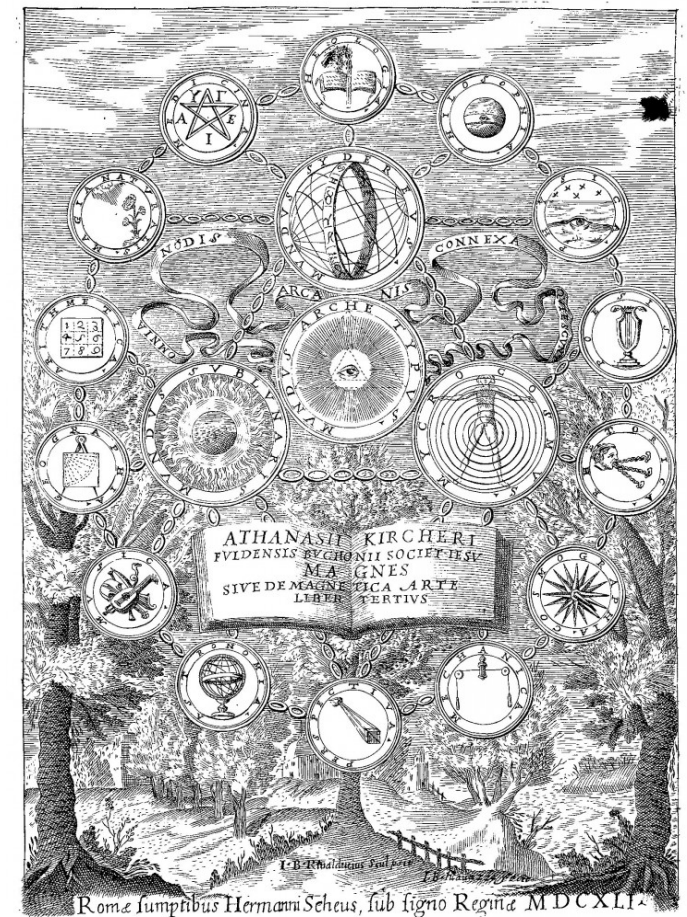
UN PROBLEMA DIFFICILE: 1999-2008

(Altarelli, Ball, SF)



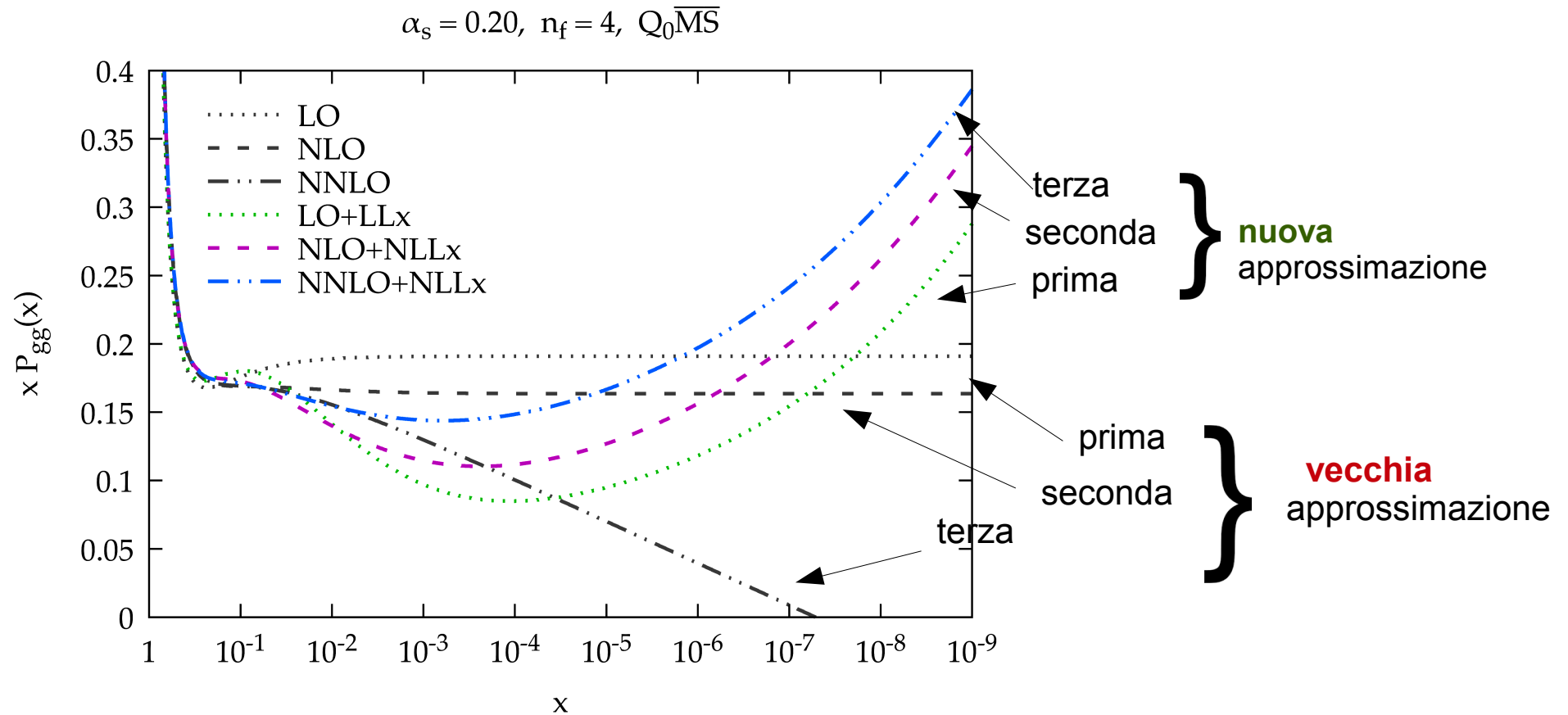
Il santuario della Mentorella

- Dualità energia/risoluzione
- Formalismo operatoriale per l'eq. di Altarelli Parisi in spazio duale
- Somma alla Borel di serie divergenti:
 $1+1+1+1+\dots=-1/2$
- Equazione di Bateman
- Simmetria collineare/anticollineare



Athanasius Kircher,
“De magnetica arte”, Roma 1641

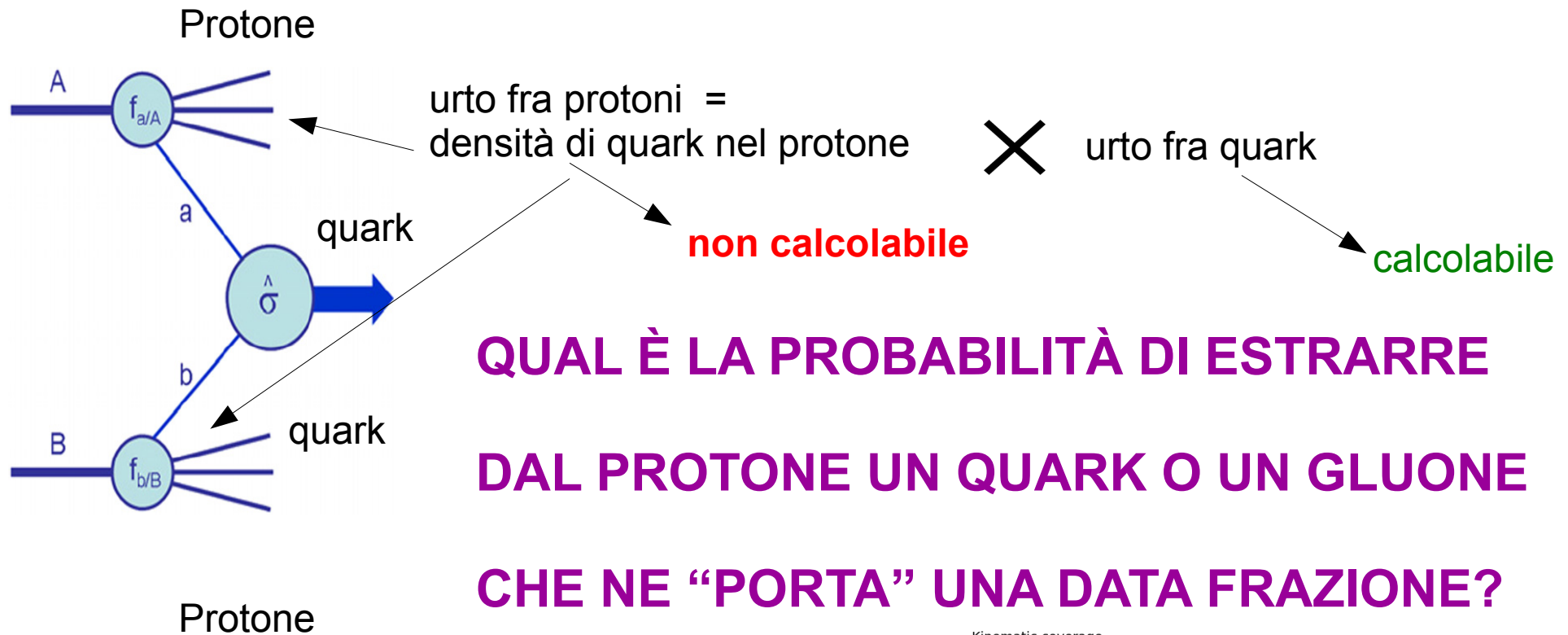
IL RISULTATO FINALE....



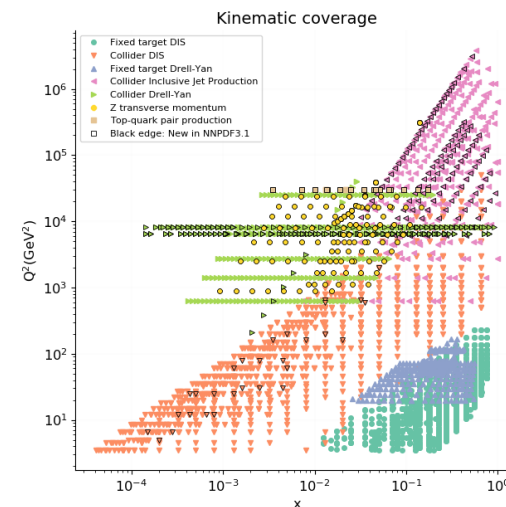
PICCOLE DEVIAZIONI DAL DOUBLE SCALING

SI POSSONO VEDERE??

IL PROBLEMA DELLE DISTRIBUZIONI PARTONICHE (PDF)



SI DETERMINANO DAI DATI!



QUAL È IL PROBLEMA?

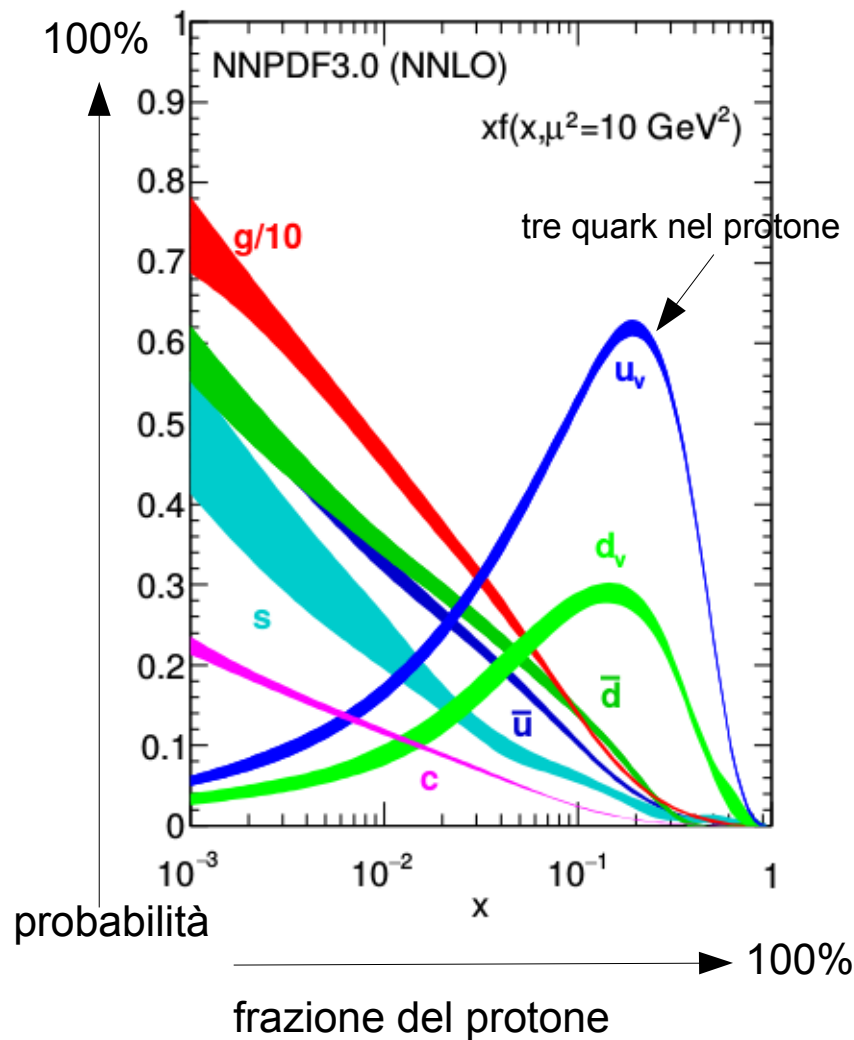
DETERMINARE:

- **UNA DISTRIBUZIONE DI PROBABILITÀ DI DISTRIBUZIONI DI PROBABILITÀ**
- **UNA (sette, o più) FUNZIONI DA UN INSIEME DISCRETO DI DATI**

soluzione dei poveri:

ci si inventa un modello,

si determinano i parametri



dal "Particle Data Book"

NNPDF



José Ignacio Latorre e S.F., circa 2004



Information References (18) Citations (117) Files Plots

Neural network parametrization of deep inelastic structure functions

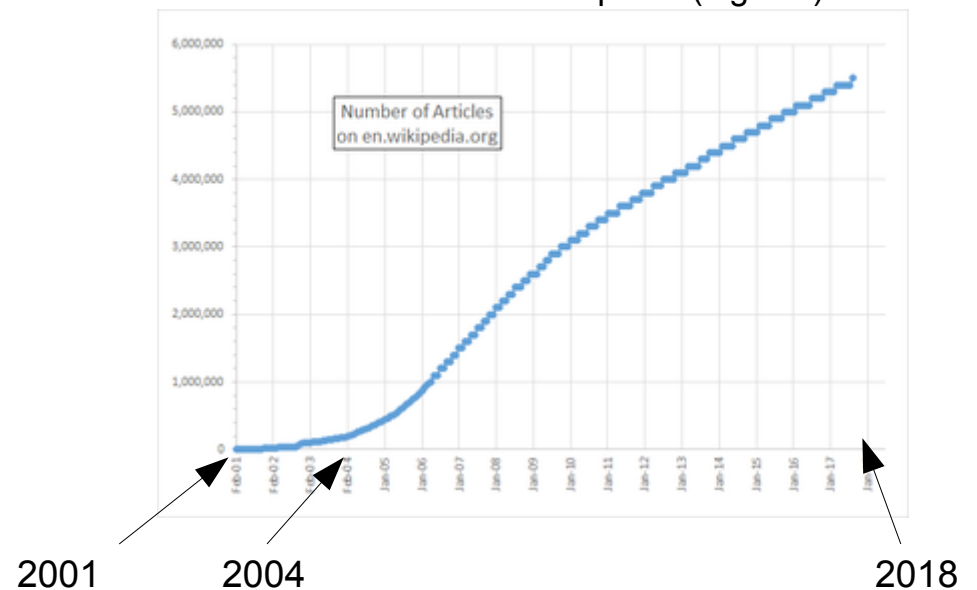
Stefano Forte (INFN, Rome3), Lluís Garrido, Jose I. Latorre (Barcelona U., ECM), Andrea Piccione (INFN, Genoa & Genoa U.)

Apr 2002 - 44 pages

JHEP 0205 (2002) 062
DOI: [10.1088/1126-6708/2002/05/062](https://doi.org/10.1088/1126-6708/2002/05/062)
GEF-TH-3-02, RM3-TH-02-01
e-Print: [hep-ph/0204232](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0204232) | [PDF](#)

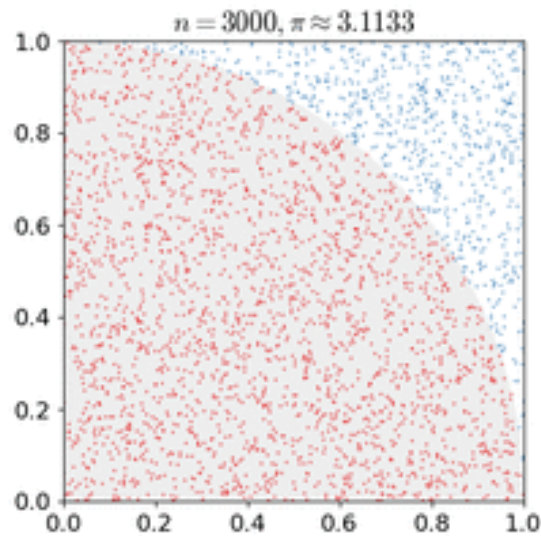
Abstract
We construct a parametrization of deep-inelastic structure functions which retains information on experimental errors and correlations, and which does not introduce any theoretical bias while interpolating between existing data points. We generate a Monte Carlo sample of pseudo-data configurations and we train an ensemble of neural networks on them. This effectively provides us with a probability measure in the space of structure functions, within the whole kinematic region where data are

numero di voci wikipedia (inglese)



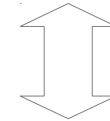
IL METODO MONTE CARLO

calcolo Monte Carlo di π



Stanislaw Ulam (circa 1955)

DISTRIBUZIONE DI PROBABILITÀ



CAMPIONE DI EVENTI

Esempio:

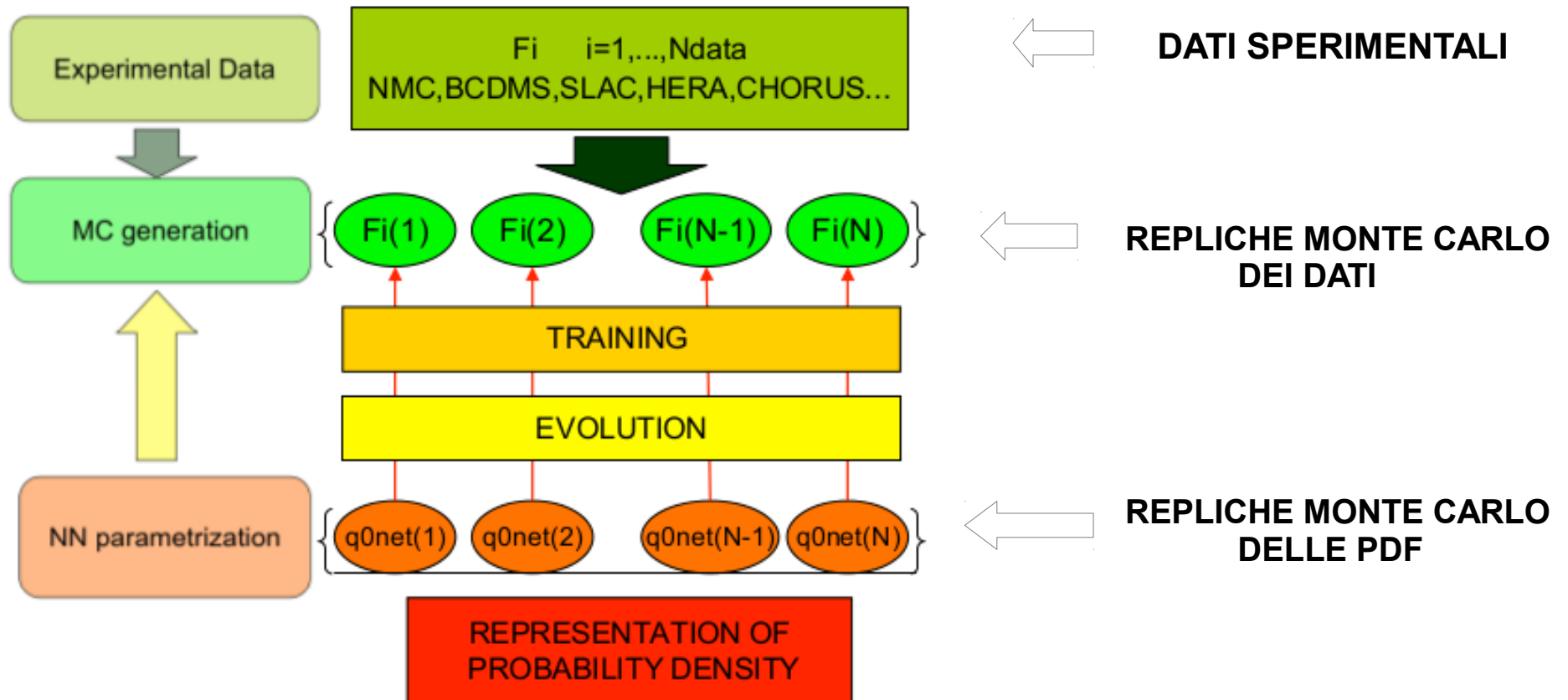
MISURA CON INCERTEZZA



INSIEME DI MISURE RIPETUTE

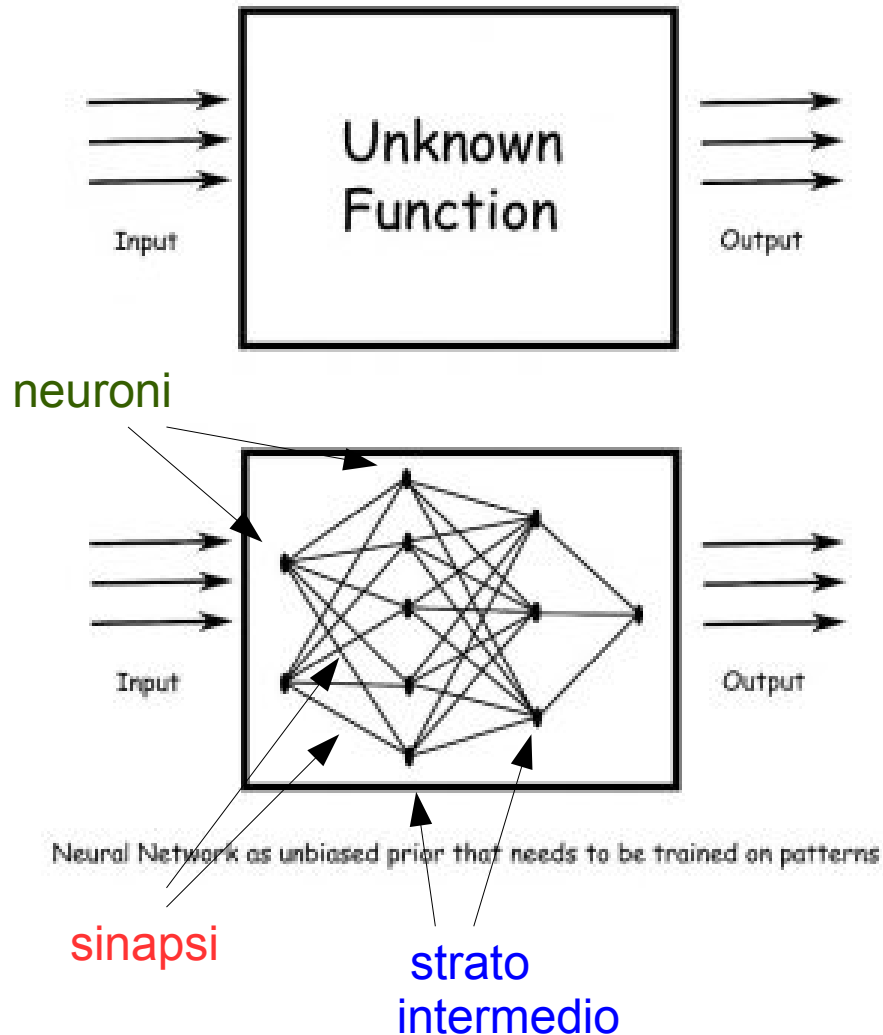
(repliche)

IL MONTE CARLO NNPDF

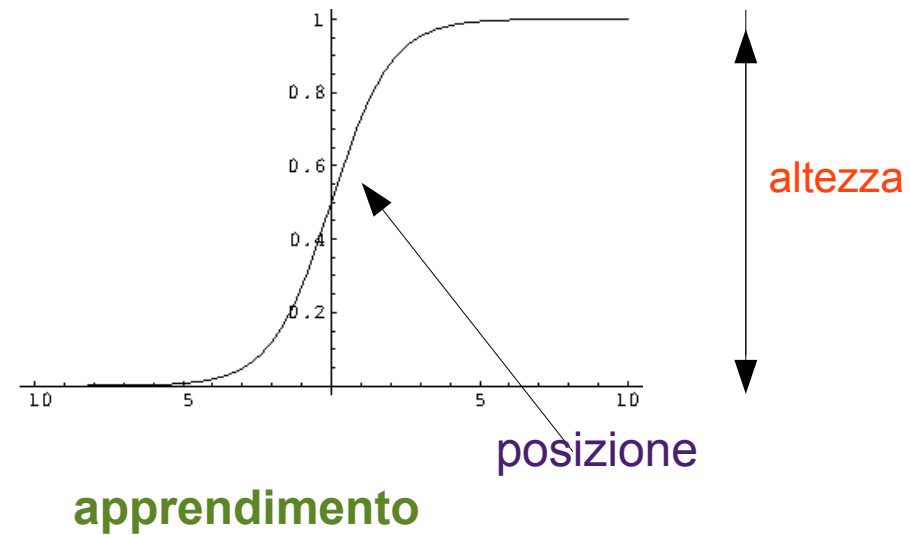


RETI NEURALI

INTERPOLANTI UNIVERSALI: strati di neuroni connessi da sinapsi



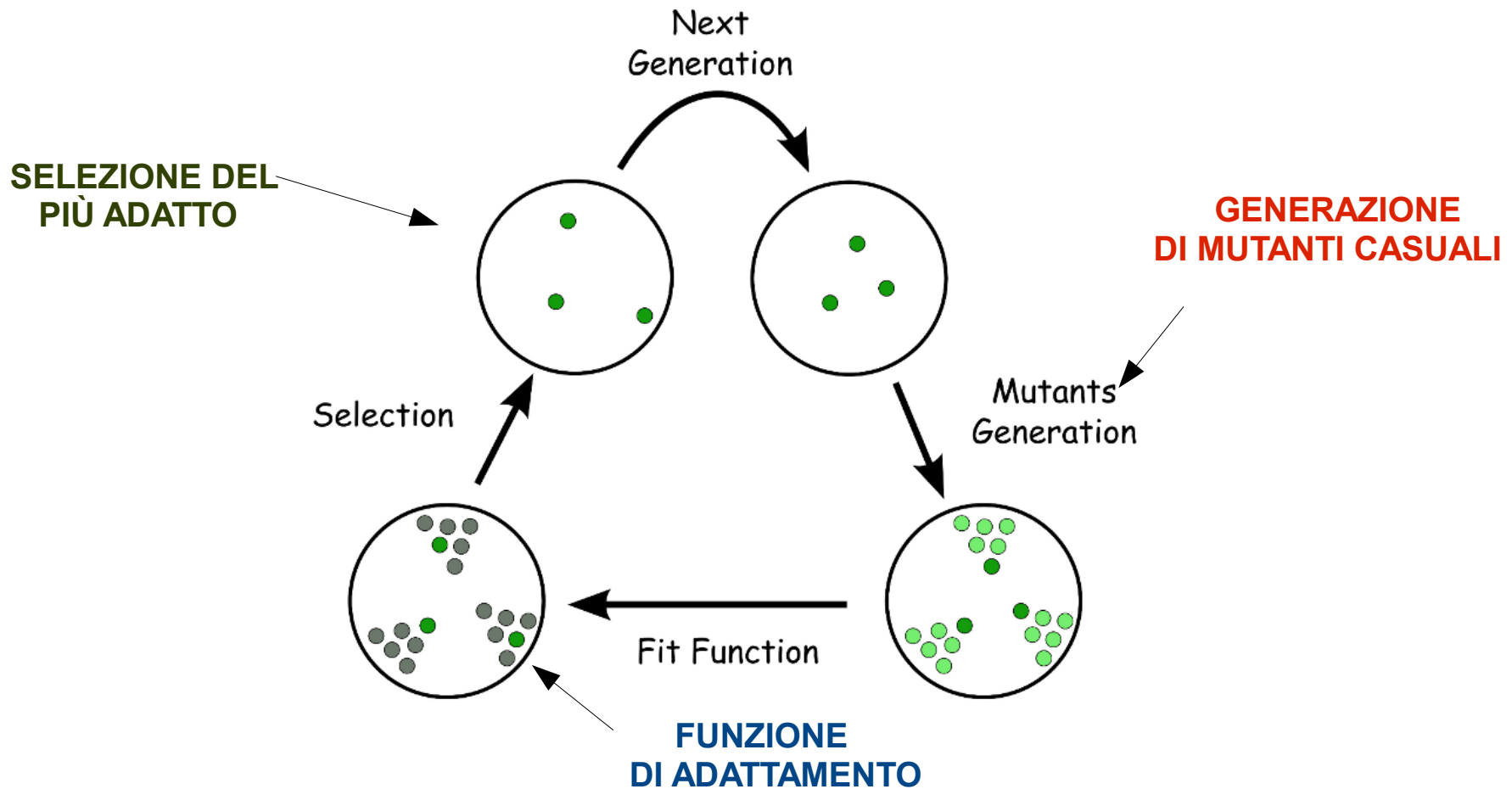
funzione di attivazione
una per ogni sinapsi



posizione ed altezza dell'attivazione

ALGORITMI GENETICI

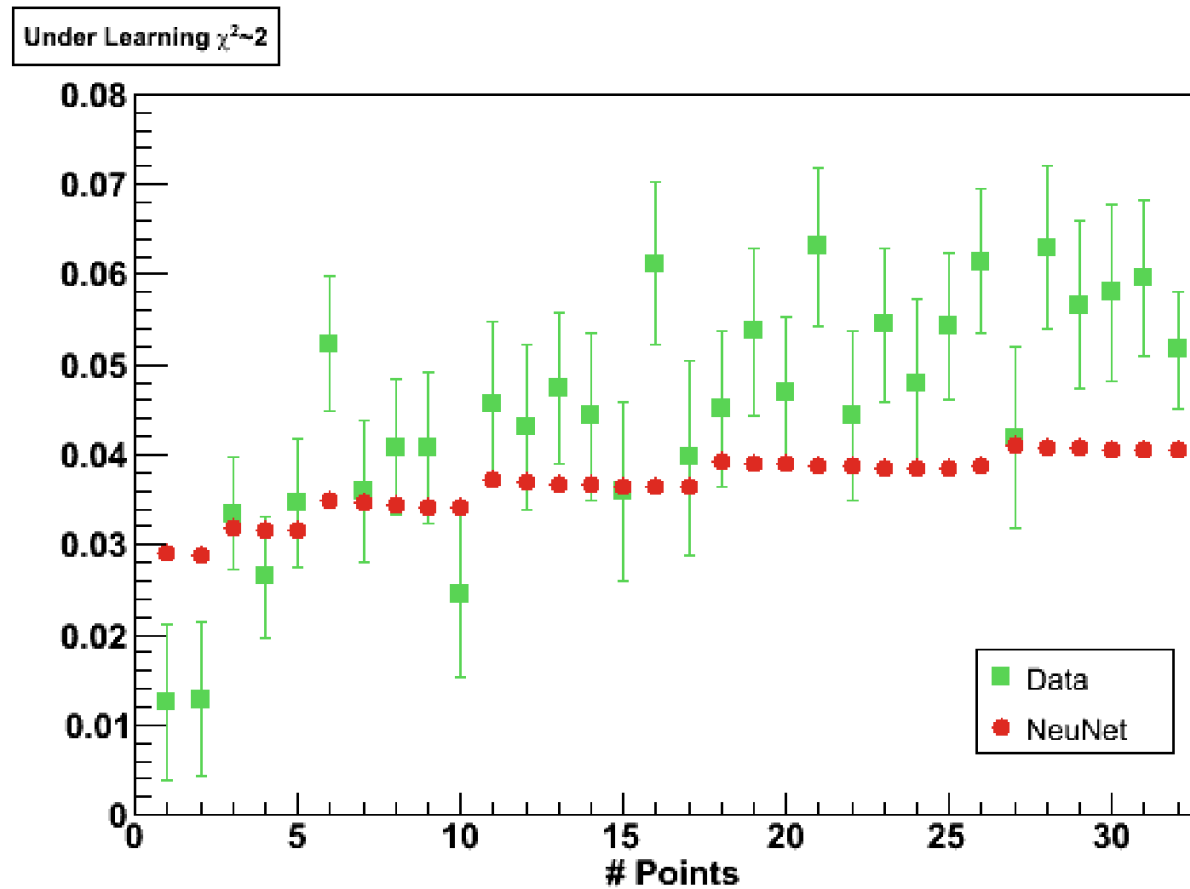
OTTIMIZZAZIONE NON DETERMINISTICA



APPRENDIMENTO NEURALE

la complessità aumenta gradualmente

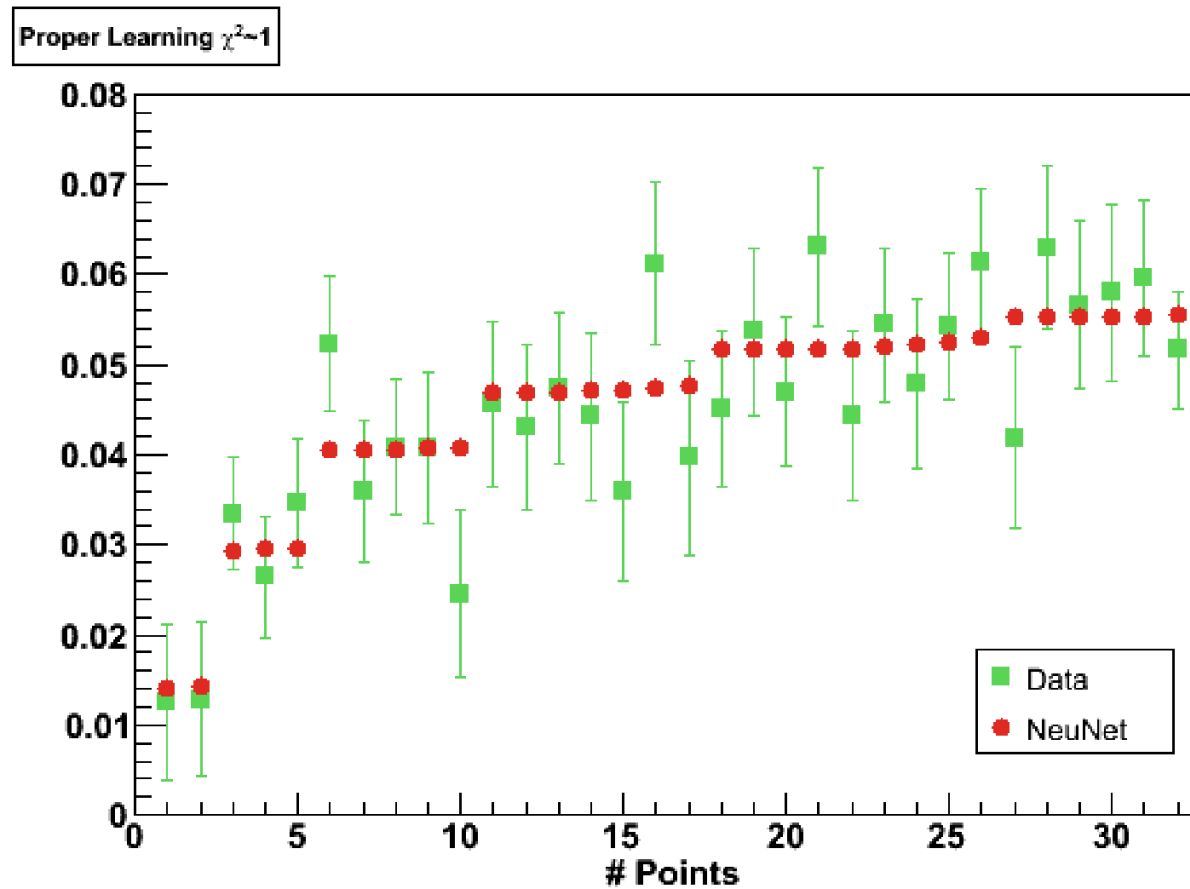
SOTTO-APPRENDIMENTO



APPRENDIMENTO NEURALE

la complessità aumenta gradualmente

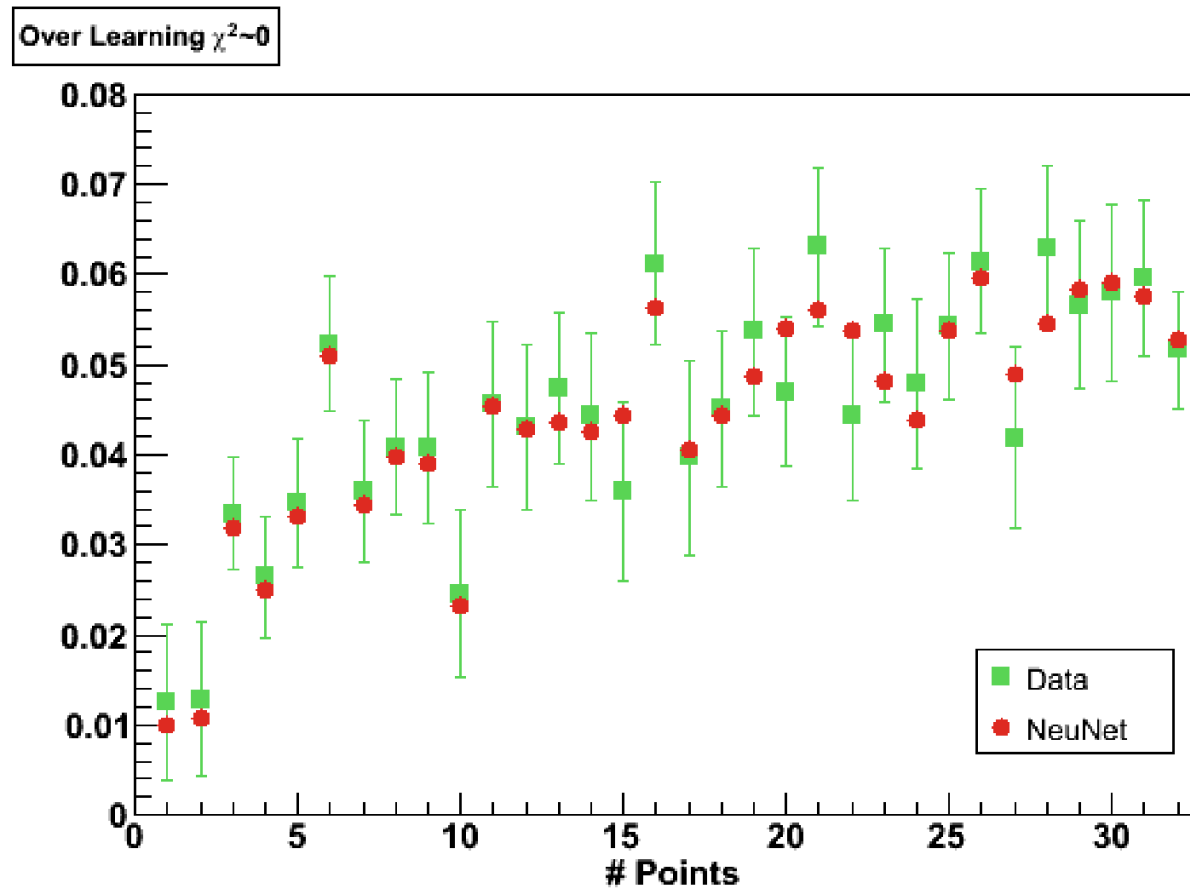
APPRENDIMENTO IDEALE



APPRENDIMENTO NEURALE

la complessità aumenta gradualmente

SOVRA-APPRENDIMENTO



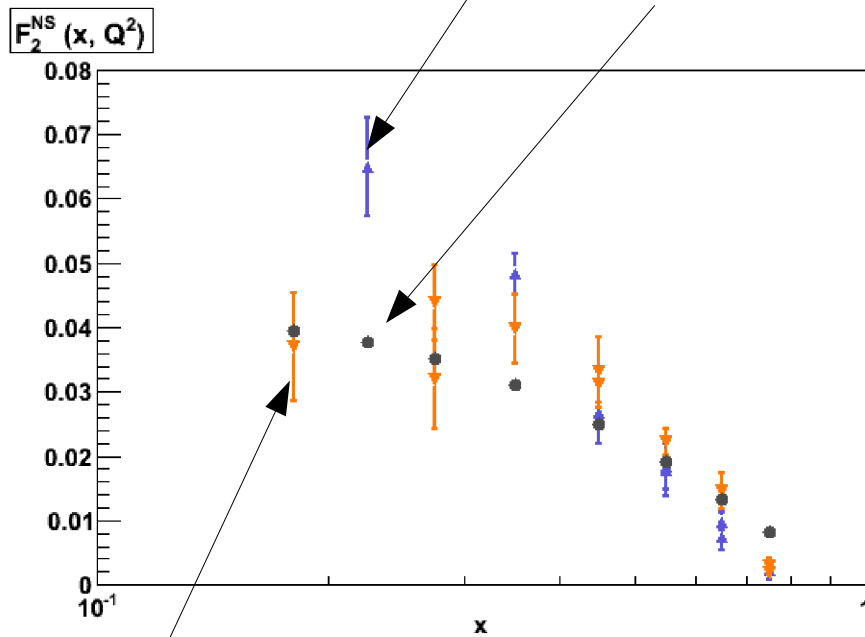
CONVALIDA INCROCIATA

(cross-validation)

dati divisi a caso in due insiemi: **addestramento** e **convalida**

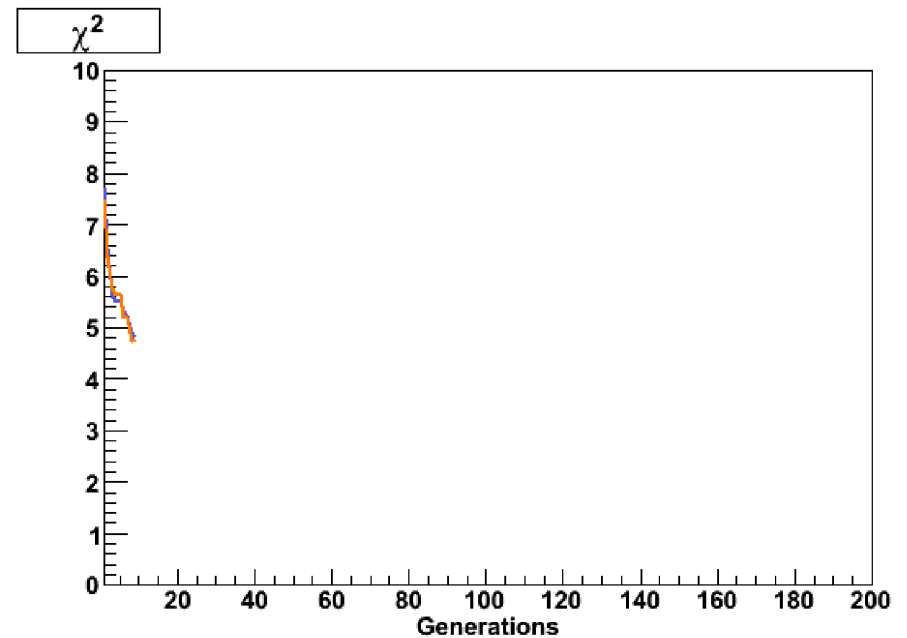
dati di addestramento

rete neurale



dati di convalida

DEVIAZIONE RETE-DATI



generazioni →

CONVALIDA INCROCIATA

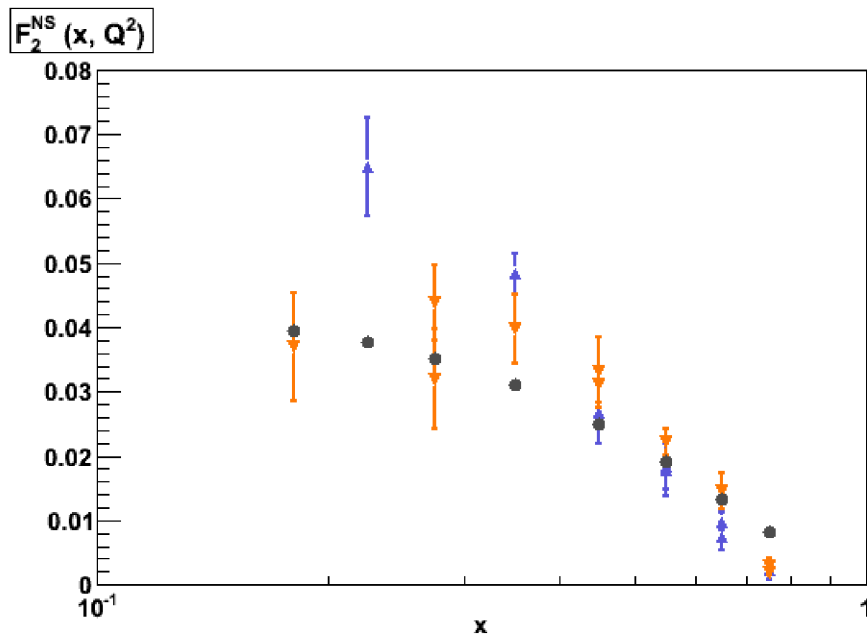
(cross-validation)

dati divisi a caso in due insiemi: **addestramento** e **convalida**

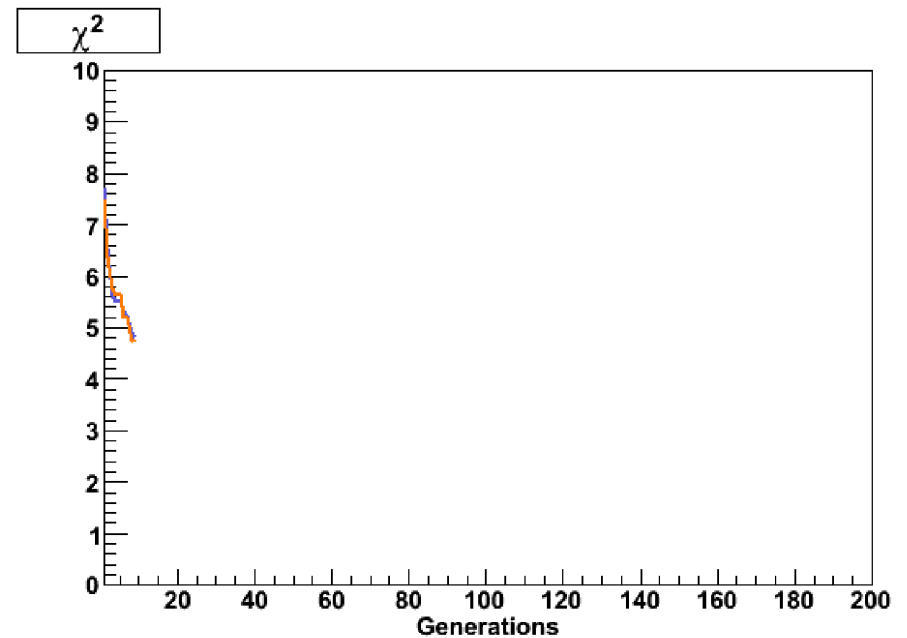
VAI!

SOTTO-APPRENDIMENTO

DATI



DEVIAZIONE RETE-DATI



CONVALIDA INCROCIATA

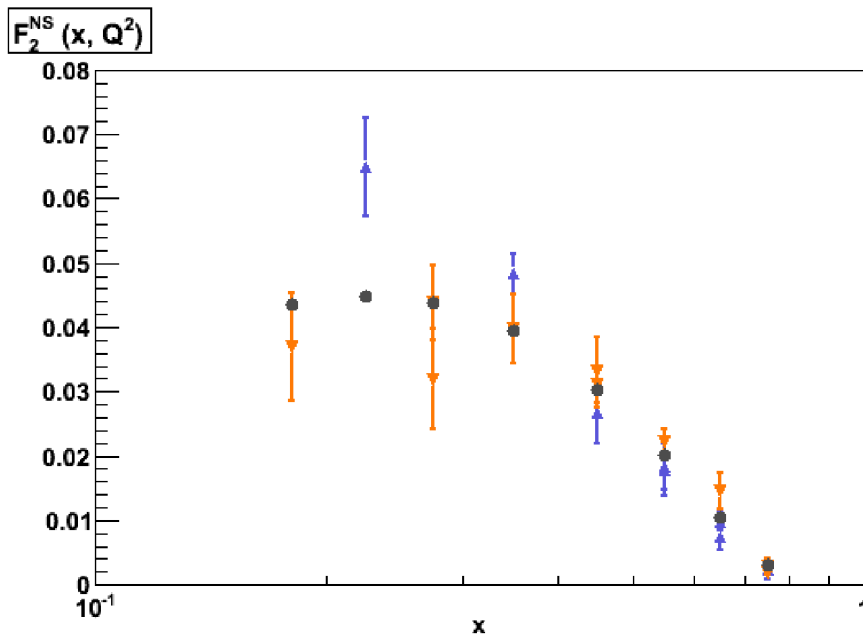
(cross-validation)

dati divisi a caso in due insiemi: **addestramento** e **convalida**

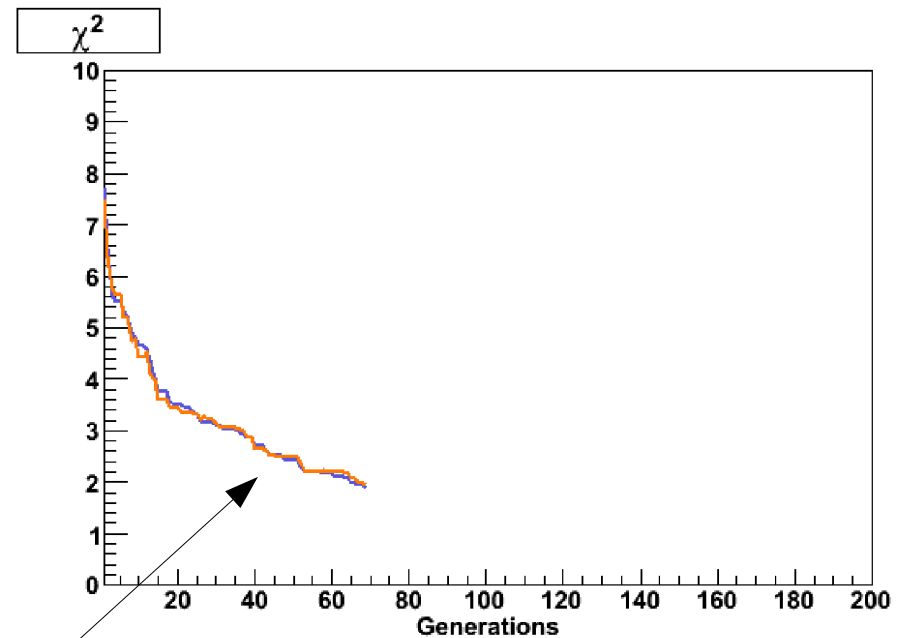
FERMO!

APPRENDIMENTO IDEALE

DATI



DEVIAZIONE RETE-DATI



addestramento e convalida migliorano

CONVALIDA INCROCIATA

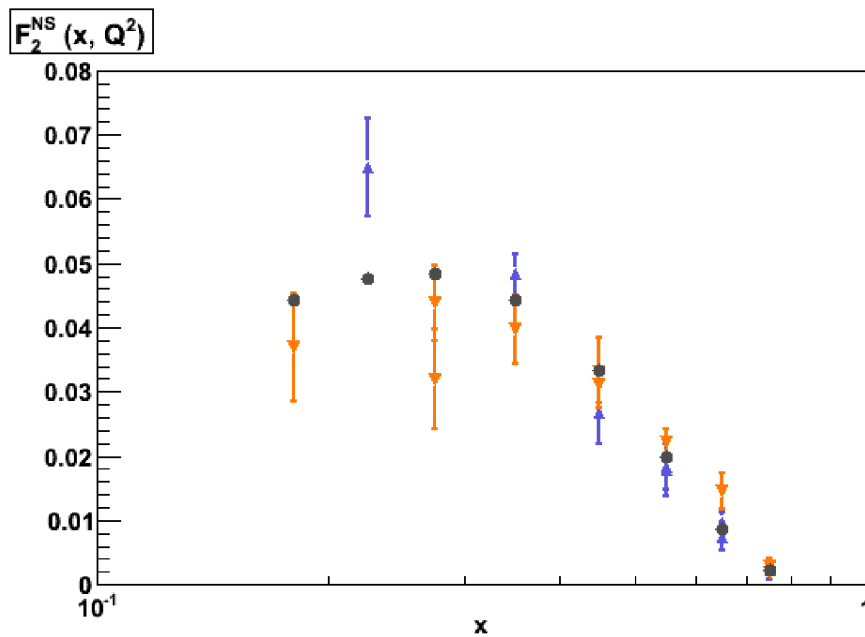
(cross-validation)

dati divisi a caso in due insiemi: **addestramento** e **convalida**

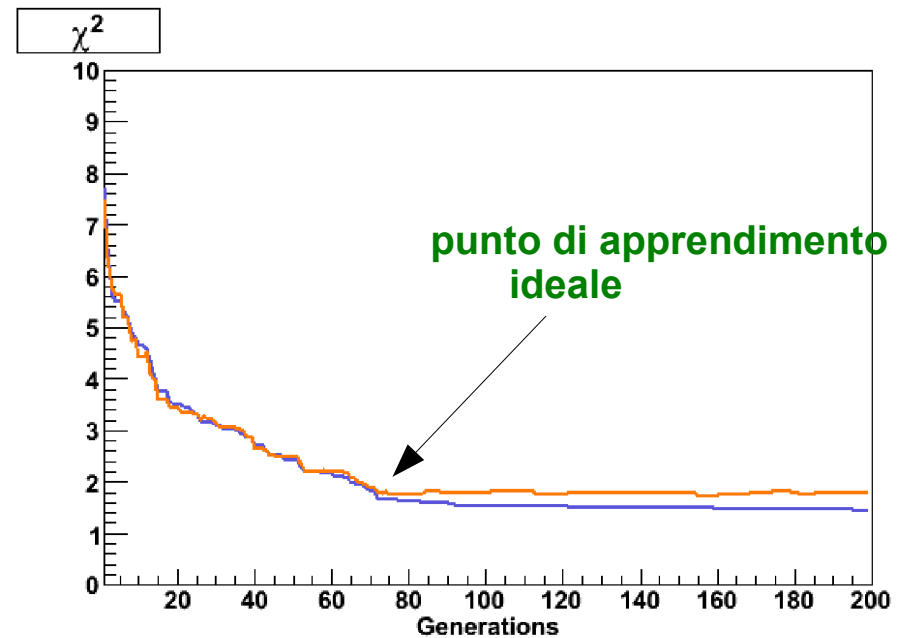
TROPPO TARDI!

SOVRA-APPRENDIMENTO

DATI



DEVIAZIONE RETE-DATI

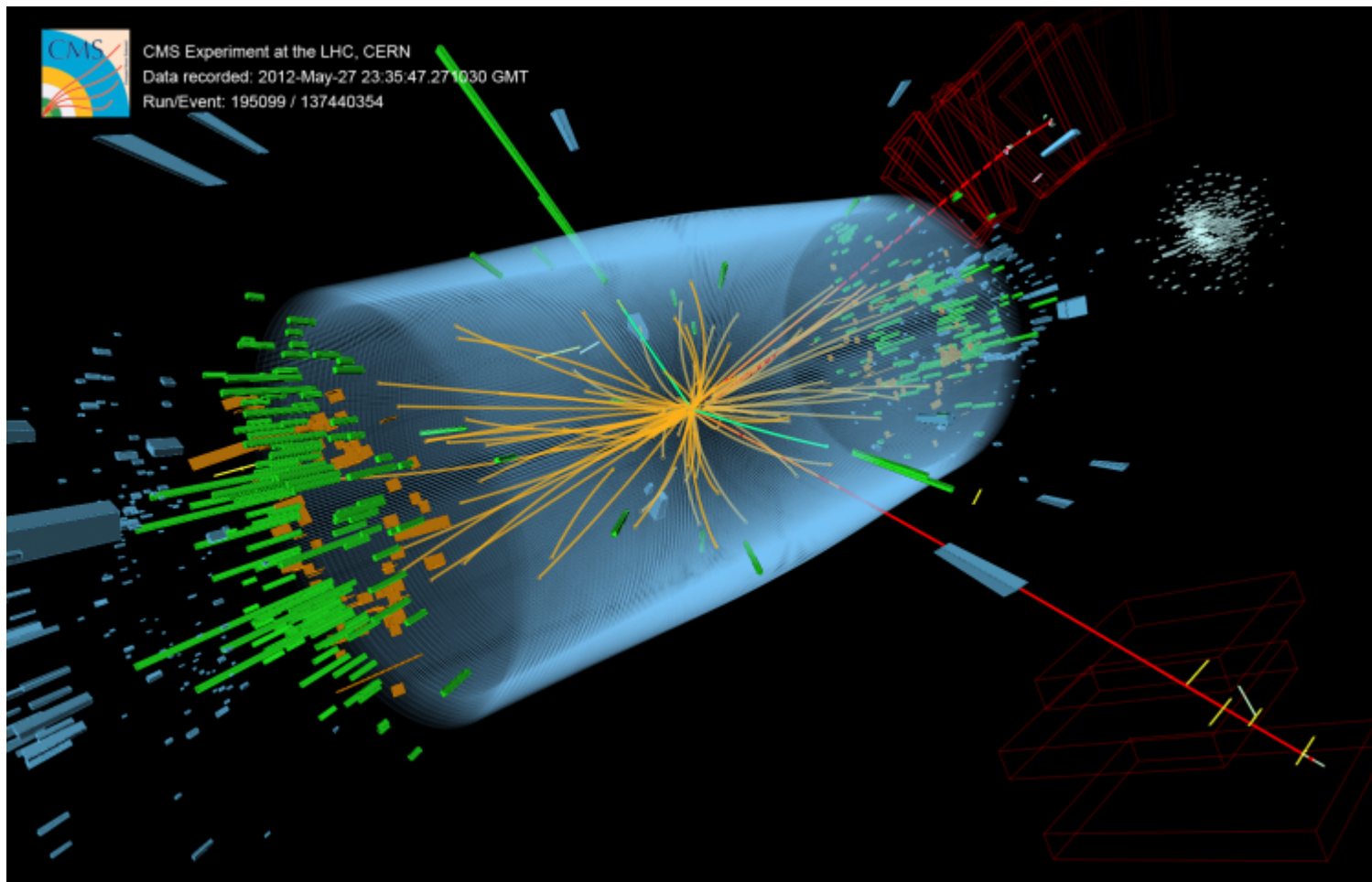


addestramento migliora, convalida peggiora

UNO STRUMENTO STANDARD

SCOPERTA DEL BOSONE DI HIGGS (2013)

(NNPDF2.1)



...E LE DEVIAZIONI DAL DOUBLE SCALING?

Information | References (212) | Citations (7) | Files | Plots

Parton distributions with small-x resummation: evidence for BFKL dynamics in HERA data

Richard D. Ball (U. Edinburgh, Higgs Ctr. Theor. Phys.), Valerio Bertone (NIKHEF, Amsterdam & Vrije U., Amsterdam), Marco Bonvini (Rome U. & INFN, Rome), Simone Marzani (Genoa U. & INFN, Genoa), Juan Rojo (NIKHEF, Amsterdam & Vrije U., Amsterdam), Luca Rottoli (Oxford U., Theor. Phys.)

Oct 16, 2017 - 65 pages

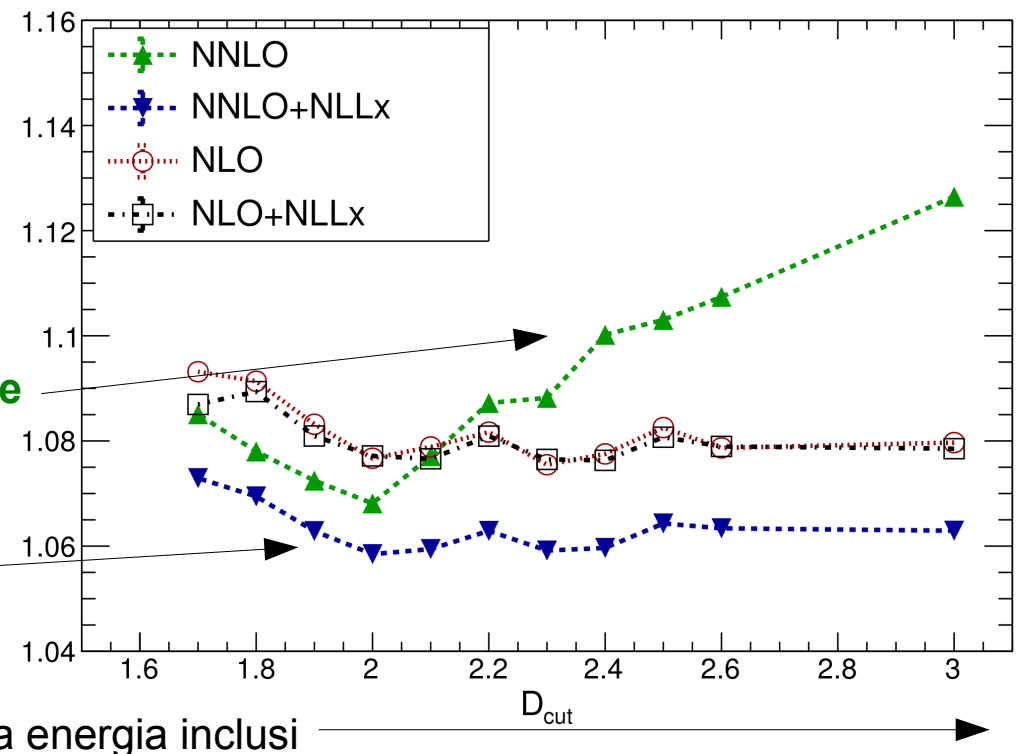
EDINBURGH-2017-15, NIKHEF-2017-027, OUTP-17-12P

e-Print: [arXiv:1710.05935](https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.05935) [hep-ph] | [PDF](#)

Abstract (arXiv)

We present a determination of the parton distribution functions of the proton in which NLO and NNLO fixed-order calculations are supplemented by NLLx small-x resummation. Deep inelastic structure functions are computed consistently at NLO+NLLx or NNLO+NLLx, while for hadronic processes small-x resummation is included only in the PDF evolution, with kinematic cuts introduced to ensure the fitted data lie in a region where the fixed-order calculation of the hard cross-sections is reliable. In all other respects, the fits use the same methodology and are based on the same global dataset as the recent NNPDF3.1 analysis. We demonstrate that the inclusion of small-x resummation leads to a quantitative improvement in the perturbative description of the HERA inclusive and charm-production reduced cross-

ACCORDO TEORIA-DATI



CHIARAMENTE VISIBILI!

teoria instabile
(senza ABF)

con teoria ABF

dati di alta energia inclusi

SEMPRE PIÙ STANDARD

2017 TOPCITES

NNPDF3.0

20. [491](#) core citations in 2017

Particle Creation by Black Holes

S.W. Hawking (Cambridge U.), Aug 1975. 22 pp.

Published in **Commun.Math.Phys.** 43 (1975) 199-220, Erratum: **Commun.Math.Phys.** 46 (1976) 206

DOI: [10.1007/BF02345020](#)

[References](#) | [BibTeX](#) | [LaTeX\(US\)](#) | [LaTeX\(EU\)](#) | [Harvmac](#) | [EndNote](#)
[AMS MathSciNet](#); [Project Euclid](#)

21. [490](#) core citations in 2017

Measurements of Omega and Lambda from 42 high redshift supernovae

Supernova Cosmology Project Collaboration (S. Perlmutter (UC, Berkeley, CfPA) *et al.*). Dec 1998. 33 pp.

Published in **Astrophys.J.** 517 (1999) 565-586

LBL-41801, LBL-41801

DOI: [10.1086/307221](#)

e-Print: [astro-ph/9812133](#) | [PDF](#)

[References](#) | [BibTeX](#) | [LaTeX\(US\)](#) | [LaTeX\(EU\)](#) | [Harvmac](#) | [EndNote](#)
[ADS Abstract Service](#); [OSTI Information Bridge Server](#)

22. [487](#) core citations in 2017

Parton distributions for the LHC Run II

NNPDF Collaboration (Richard D. Ball (U. Edinburgh, Higgs Ctr. Theor. Phys. & CERN) *et al.*). Oct 31, 2014. 138 pp.

Published in **JHEP** 1504 (2015) 040

EDINBURGH-2014-15, IFUM-1034-FT, CERN-PH-TH-2013-253, OUTP-14-11P, CAVENDISH-HEP-14-11

DOI: [10.1007/JHEP04\(2015\)040](#)

e-Print: [arXiv:1410.8849](#) [[hep-ph](#)] | [PDF](#)

[References](#) | [BibTeX](#) | [LaTeX\(US\)](#) | [LaTeX\(EU\)](#) | [Harvmac](#) | [EndNote](#)
[CERN Document Server](#); [ADS Abstract Service](#); [Link to Article from SCOAP3](#)

23. [462](#) core citations in 2017

Results from a search for dark matter in the complete LUX exposure

LUX Collaboration (D.S. Akerib (Case Western Reserve U. & KIPAC, Menlo Park & SLAC) *et al.*). Aug 26, 2016. 8 pp.

Published in **Phys.Rev.Lett.** 118 (2017) no.2, 021303

DOI: [10.1103/PhysRevLett.118.021303](#)

e-Print: [arXiv:1608.07648](#) [[astro-ph.CO](#)] | [PDF](#)

[References](#) | [BibTeX](#) | [LaTeX\(US\)](#) | [LaTeX\(EU\)](#) | [Harvmac](#) | [EndNote](#)
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24. [434](#) core citations in 2017

The Inflationary Universe: A Possible Solution to the Horizon and Flatness Problems

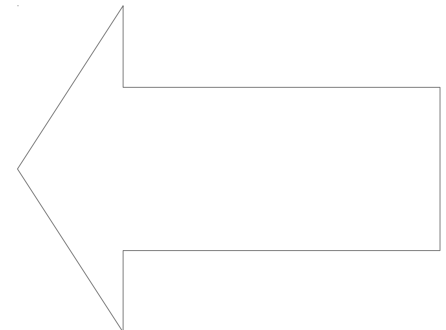
Alan H. Guth (SLAC). Jul 1980. 32 pp.

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SLAC-PUB-2576

DOI: [10.1103/PhysRevD.23.347](#)

[References](#) | [BibTeX](#) | [LaTeX\(US\)](#) | [LaTeX\(EU\)](#) | [Harvmac](#) | [EndNote](#)



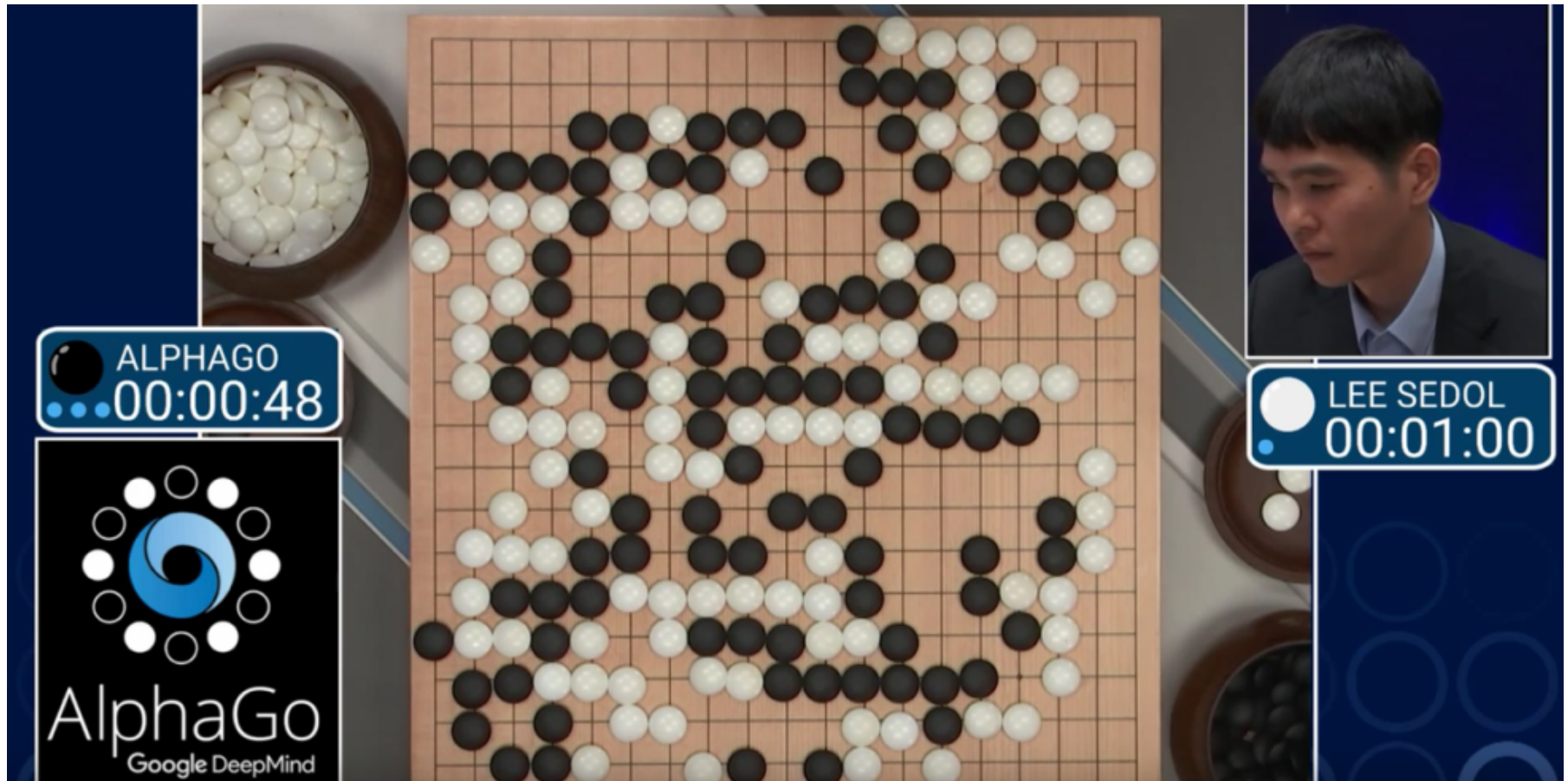
LA COLLABORAZIONE

18 membri, 12 istituti (CH, E, I, NL, UK)



NNPDF: meeting di collaborazione, Edimburgo, dicembre 2017

TROPPO UMANO?



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